DIVISION F - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT,

AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2015

The following statement is an explanation of the effects of Division F, which makes appropriations for the Department of the Interior, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Forest Service, the Indian Health Service, and related agencies for fiscal year 2015. Language contained in House Report 113-551 providing specific guidance to agencies regarding the administration of appropriated funds and any corresponding reporting requirements carries the same emphasis as the language included in this explanatory statement and should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary herein.

In instances where the House report speaks more broadly to policy issues or offers views that are subject to interpretation, such views remain those of the House and are not affirmed by this explanatory statement unless repeated herein. In cases where the House report or this explanatory statement directs the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. Where this explanatory statement refers to the Committees or the Committees on Appropriations, unless otherwise noted, this reference is to the House Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies and the Senate Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies.

The Committees direct each department and agency funded in this Act to follow the directions set forth in this Act and the accompanying statement, and not reallocate resources or reorganize activities except as provided herein or otherwise approved by the Committees through the reprogramming process as described in this explanatory statement. This explanatory statement addresses only those agencies and accounts for which there is a need for greater explanation than provided in the Act itself. Funding levels for appropriations by account, program, and activity, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2014 enacted level and the fiscal year 2015 budget request, can be found in the table at the end of this division.

Unless expressly stated otherwise, any reference to "this Act" or "at the end of this statement" shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of this division.

National Ocean Policy.—The President's budget submission for fiscal year 2016 shall identify all funding and associated actions proposed for the implementation of the National Ocean Policy. In addition, not later than 90 days after the date on which the President's fiscal year 2016 budget request is submitted to the Congress, the President shall submit a comprehensive report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations identifying Federal expenditures since fiscal year 2012 by agency and account that have supported the development, administration, or implementation of the National Ocean Policy developed under Executive Order 13547. The report shall also identify funding proposed for the

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implementation of the National Ocean Policy in the fiscal year 2016 budget. In addition, the Administration is directed to include in the report a summary of the actions taken to date to execute the April 2013 National Ocean Policy Implementation Plan and the outcomes of such actions.

State Wildlife Data.— The Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are expected to prioritize continued coordination with other Federal agencies and State fish and wildlife agencies to recognize and fully utilize State fish and wildlife data and analyses as a primary source to inform land use, planning, and related natural resource decisions. Federal agencies should not unnecessarily duplicate raw data, and when appropriate, evaluate existing analysis of data prepared by the States, and reciprocally share data with State wildlife managers, to ensure that the most complete data set is available for decision support systems.

Making Litigation Costs Transparent.—The Department of the Interior, EPA, and the Forest Service are directed to provide to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, and to make publicly available no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, detailed Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) fee information as specified in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014.

Public Access.—The Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are directed to notify the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations in advance of any proposed project specifically intending to close an area to recreational shooting, hunting, or fishing on a non-emergency basis of more than 30 days.

Sage-Grouse.—The agreement includes a general provision in Title I of the bill, prohibiting for fiscal year 2015 any use of funds to write or issue a final rule to list the Gunnison sage-grouse or the bi-State Distinct Population Segment of greater sage-grouse, and any proposed rule to list the greater sage-grouse range-wide or in the Columbia Basin. The Committees recognize the unprecedented collaboration regarding sage-grouse conservation. This provision is not intended to impede current conservation efforts; it is imperative that stakeholders continue on-the-ground conservation and monitoring activities. The Committees direct the Fish and Wildlife Service to include with its fiscal year 2016 budget submission an update on the status of all sage-grouse. The agreement does not contain the other directives pertaining to sage-grouse in the front of House Report 113-551, with the exception of guidance provided within the Wildland Fire Management accounts later in this explanatory statement.

Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT).—Section 11 of this consolidated Act provides \$372,000,000 for payments in lieu of taxes under chapter 69 of title 31, United States Code. Together with an additional \$33,000,000 available for fiscal year 2015, and \$37,000,000 available on October 1, 2015, provided by section 3096 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015, a total of \$442,000,000 will be available for the program.

REPROGRAMMING GUIDELINES

The following are the procedures governing reprogramming actions for programs and activities funded in the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. The Committees remind the agencies funded in this Act that these reprogramming guidelines are in effect, and must be complied with, until such time as the Committees modify them through bill or report language.

Definitions.—"Reprogramming," as defined in these procedures, includes the reallocation of funds from one budget activity, budget line-item, or program area, to another within any appropriation funded in this Act.

For construction, land acquisition, and forest legacy accounts, a reprogramming constitutes the reallocation of funds, including unobligated balances, from one construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project to another such project.

A reprogramming shall also consist of any significant departure from the program described in the agency's budget justifications. This includes proposed reorganizations, especially those of significant national or regional importance, even without a change in funding. Any change to the organization table presented in the budget justification shall be subject to this requirement.

General Guidelines for Reprogramming.---

(a) A reprogramming should be made only when an unforeseen situation arises, and then only if postponement of the project or the activity until the next appropriation year would result in actual loss or damage.

(b) Any project or activity, which may be deferred through reprogramming, shall not later be accomplished by means of further reprogramming, but instead, funds should again be sought for the deferred project or activity through the regular appropriations process.

(c) Except under the most urgent situations, reprogramming should not be employed to initiate new programs or increase allocations specifically denied or limited by Congress, or to decrease allocations specifically increased by the Congress.

(d) Reprogramming proposals submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations for approval shall be considered approved 30 calendar days after receipt if the Committees have posed no objection. However, agencies will be expected to extend the approval deadline if specifically requested by either Committee.

Criteria and Exceptions.—A reprogramming must be submitted to the Committees in writing prior to implementation if it exceeds \$1,000,000 annually or results in an increase or decrease of more than 10 percent annually in affected programs, with the following exceptions:

(a) With regard to the tribal priority allocations of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education, there is no restriction on reprogrammings among these programs. However, the Bureaus shall report on all reprogrammings made during a given fiscal year no later than 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

(b) With regard to the EPA, State and Tribal Assistance Grants account, the Committee does not require reprogramming requests associated with States and Tribes Partnership Grants.

Assessments.—"Assessment" as defined in these procedures shall refer to any charges, reserves, or holdbacks applied to a budget activity or budget line item for costs associated with general agency administrative costs, overhead costs, working capital expenses, or contingencies.

(a) No assessment shall be levied against any program, budget activity, sub-activity, budget line item, or project funded by the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act unless such assessment and the basis therefor are presented to the Committees on Appropriations in the budget justifications and are subsequently approved by the Committees. The explanation for any assessment in the budget justification shall show the amount of the assessment, the activities assessed, and the purpose of the funds.

(b) Proposed changes to estimated assessments, as such estimates were presented in annual budget justifications, shall be submitted through the reprogramming process and shall be subject to the same dollar and reporting criteria as any other reprogramming.

(c) The Committees direct that each agency or bureau which utilizes assessments shall submit an annual report to the Committees which provides details on the use of all funds assessed from any other budget activity, line item, sub-activity, or project.

(d) In no case shall contingency funds or assessments be used to finance projects and activities disapproved or limited by Congress, or to finance programs or activities that could be foreseen and included in the normal budget review process.

(e) New programs requested in the budget should not be initiated before enactment of the bill without notification to, and the approval of, the Committees on Appropriations. This restriction applies to all such actions regardless of whether a formal reprogramming of funds is required to begin the program.

Quarterly Reports.—All reprogrammings between budget activities, budget line-items, program areas, or the more detailed activity levels shown in this agreement, including those below the monetary thresholds established above, shall be reported to the Committees within 60 days of the end of each quarter and shall include cumulative totals for each budget activity, budget line item, or construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project.

Land Acquisitions, Easements, and Forest Legacy.---Lands shall not be acquired for more than the approved appraised value (as addressed in section 301(3) of Public Law 91-646), unless such acquisitions are submitted to the Committees on Appropriations for approval in compliance with these procedures.

Land Exchanges.—Land exchanges, wherein the estimated value of the Federal lands to be exchanged is greater than \$1,000,000, shall not be consummated until the Committees have had a 30-day period in which to examine the proposed exchange. In addition, the Committees shall be provided advance notification of exchanges valued between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000.

Budget Structure.—The budget activity or line item structure for any agency appropriation account shall not be altered without advance approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

TITLE I – DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

The bill provides \$970,016,000 for Management of Lands and Resources. In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions:

Soil, Water, and Air Management.—The agreement includes \$1,130,000 for the requested Colorado River Basin Salinity Program, \$300,000 above the fiscal year 2014 level.

Rangeland Management.—The Committees direct the Bureau, to the greatest extent practicable, to make vacant grazing allotments available to a holder of a grazing permit or lease when lands covered by the holder of the permit or lease are unusable because of drought or wildfire.

The Committees urge the Secretary to convene a stakeholders meeting on the California Desert Conservation Area to resolve remaining issues, as described in House Report 113-551.

The Committees direct the Bureau to comply with the language in House Report 113-551 regarding the Steens Mountain Cooperative Management and Protection Act of 2000.

Wild Horse and Burro Management.—The Committees encourage the Bureau to consider sterilization as a tool for population management and to request funding for a pilot program in fiscal year 2016, in accordance with recommendations from the National Research Council and others.

Wildlife Management.—The agreement includes \$15,000,000 as requested for sage-grouse. The BLM should dedicate funding for collaboration with States on the development of State plans designed to promote sustainable sage-grouse populations through conservation of sensitive habitat and to avoid an Endangered Species Act listing designation of the species. The Bureau is urged to support advanced collaboration efforts that could be models for conservation strategies in other places.

Recreation Management.—The Committees encourage the Bureau to continue its collaborative efforts with non-Federal partners to teach outdoor ethics and stewardship to staff and visitors.

Realty and Ownership Management.— Section 326 of Public Law 101–512 required the Secretary of the Interior to report to Congress on contaminated lands conveyed through the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA). Section 103 of Public Law 104–42 required the Secretary of the Interior to provide a more detailed report on contaminants on lands prior to conveyance to Alaska Native Corporations. In December 1998, the Department submitted a report to Congress in which it acknowledged conveying approximately 650 contaminated sites on lands conveyed through ANCSA. The Bureau shall provide the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations with a detailed report within 180 days of enactment of this Act, which includes the following information: (1) a comprehensive inventory of contaminated sites conveyed through ANCSA, including sites identified subsequent to the 1998 report; (2) an updated status on the six recommendations listed in the 1998 report; and (3) a detailed plan on how the Department intends to complete cleanup of each contaminated site.

Resource Protection and Maintenance.—The agreement includes \$1,000,000 for the requested enterprise geospatial system.

The Bureau is expected to defer any final decision-making regarding land use plans as part of the Oklahoma, Kansas, and Texas Resource Management Plan Revision until appropriate surveys have been conducted to determine ownership along the Red River.

Law Enforcement.—The Bureau is encouraged to focus on visitor safety and archaeological resource protection, and work with the Department of Justice and the Department of Homeland Security on other matters of Federal law not unique to Bureau lands or property.

Challenge Cost Share.—The Committees encourage the Bureau to consider how it might leverage program partnerships to support the goals of the Youth in the Great Outdoors Initiative through projects such as the development and maintenance of trails.

BLM Foundation.—The Administration is encouraged to submit a legislative proposal to create such a foundation for the Bureau of Land Management with the fiscal year 2016 budget request.

LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides \$19,746,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts recommended by this bill compared with the budget estimates by activity are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the budget request for fiscal year 2015. The Bureau of Land Management is directed to prioritize recreational access projects that significantly enhance access to existing public lands that have inadequate access for hunting, fishing, and other recreational activities.

State	Bureau of Land Management	Budget Request	This Bill
CA	CA Southwest Desert California Wilderness	\$1,720,000	\$1,720,000
CA	CA Southwest Desert Camornia Wheelness CA Southwest Desert Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains NM	1,000,000	1,000,000
CA	CA Southwest Desert Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail	950,000	950,000
CA	CA Southwest Desert San Sebastian Marsh/San Felipe Creek	982,000	982,000
ID	Upper Snake/South Fork Snake River ACEC/SRMA	1,000,000	1,000,000
OR	John Day National Wild and Scenic River	600,000	600,000
OR	Sandy River ACEC/Oregon National Historic Trail	1,000,000	1,000,000
WY	North Platte River SRMA	1,200,000	1,200,000

CO	Canyons of the Ancients National Monument	1,200,000	1,200,000
ID	National Trails System Nez Perce National Historic Trail/Henry's Lake ACEC	3,000,000	3,000,000
OR	National Trails System Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail	542,000	542,000
MT	National Trails System Lewis and Clark National Historic Trail	1,032,000	1,032,000
	Additional project requests	5,254,000	0
	Subtotal, Acquisitions	19,480,000	14,226,000
	Inholding, emergency, and hardship	1,616,000	1,616,000
	Acquisition management	1,904,000	1,904,000
	Sportsmen/Recreational Access	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Total, BLM Land Acquisition	25,000,000	19,746,000

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OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

The bill provides \$113,777,000 for Oregon and California Grant Lands, to be distributed as displayed in the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement. Improvement in Federal forest management will improve forest health, reduce hazardous fuels, increase timber production, and restore forest jobs. The Bureau is encouraged to engage with regional academic institutions to conduct research that furthers these goals. The Bureau is also encouraged to prioritize hiring that will expedite the backlog of planning work.

RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

The bill provides \$10,000,000 to be derived from public lands receipts and Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act lands grazing receipts.

SERVICE CHARGES, DEPOSITS, AND FORFEITURES

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be \$32,465,000 for Service Charges, Deposits, and Forfeitures.

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be \$24,000,000 for Miscellaneous Trust Funds.

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$1,207,658,000 for Resource Management. In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions:

Budget Structure.—The agreement keeps in place the budget structure from fiscal year 2014.

Candidate Conservation.—The agreement includes \$500,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level, which may be used for but is not limited to sage-grouse conservation.

Consultation and HCPs.—The agreement includes \$1,000,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level for Habitat Conservation Plans.

Listing and Critical Habitat.—In agreement with the request, funding caps for petition processing and for listing activities related to foreign species have been retained. The agreement does not include the directive contained in House Report 113-551.

Recovery.—The agreement includes \$2,500,000 for the State of the Birds program and \$1,000,000 to continue the livestock loss demonstration program as authorized by Public Law 111-11. States with de-listed wolf populations shall continue to be eligible for funding, provided that those States continue to meet the eligibility criteria contained in Public Law 111-11.

The Service is directed to prioritize the recovery of the California condor and northern aplomado falcon and provide the necessary funding to enable the longstanding public-private partnerships to continue to support the wild populations through captive propagation, releases, and management, as the Service and the States work to address the continued environmental threats to these species.

The agreement does not include the directive regarding the Recovery Report to Congress contained in House Report 113-551.

The Service is directed to publish in the Federal Register advance notice of its intent to approve any future phase of the La Purisima Conservation Bank project involving a split estate, and to invite public comment on the proposed agreement.

Coastal Barrier Resources Act.—The agreement includes \$500,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level to accelerate technical corrections and updates of coastal floodplain maps.

National Wildlife Refuge System.—In recognition of the important bottomland hardwood research being conducted by the Forest Service Southern Research Station at the Yazoo National Wildlife Refuge, the Service is encouraged to continue cooperating in these efforts.

Migratory Bird Management.—The agreement does not include the directive contained in House Report 113-551. The Service is encouraged to submit with its fiscal year 2016 budget request: (a) an estimate of average permit processing times and a goal to minimize such times; and (b) an estimate of costs, FTE, and a timeline to develop and test an appropriate survey protocol to assess black vulture distribution and population size, and to determine whether and where the species may be overabundant.

The Service's strategy of allocating increased Migratory Bird Conservation Fund dollars to mitigate against conversion of natural waterfowl habitat to cropland is supported. The Service is encouraged to consider the important value of the nesting habitat in the southern prairie potholes region to ensure that waterfowl habitat acquisition and preservation continue to occur across the entire prairie potholes region.

Law Enforcement and International Affairs.—The agreement includes the increases as requested to combat wildlife trafficking. The Secretary is directed to submit a status update report, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, outlining the specific steps being taken by the Department to further address wildlife trafficking and illegal natural resources trade, including steps to improve coordination with the Department of Homeland Security and Department of Justice related to wildlife trafficking, and what, if any, authorizations are required to implement the National Strategy for Combating Wildlife Trafficking.

Science Support.—The agreement is \$250,000 below the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. The Service is directed to take the reduction from Landscape Conservation Cooperatives grants. White-nose syndrome in bats research is level-funded at \$2,500,000.

National Fish Hatchery System Operations.—The bill provides \$52,860,000 for operations, including not less than \$237,000 for the Aquatic Animal Drug Approval Partnership as requested. None of the funds may be used to terminate operations or to close any facility. No production programs may be reduced or terminated without advance, informal consultation with affected States and Indian tribes. Within 90 days of enactment of this Act, the Service shall publish an operations and maintenance plan for fiscal year 2015 for the National Fish Hatchery System that includes funding allocations by region, together with an explanation of the allocation methodology. The Service is directed to publish fiscal year 2015 funding allocations and production targets for each facility of the National Fish Hatchery System before the end of the fiscal year, and to submit estimates for fiscal year 2016 along with the President's budget request. The Committees support the Service's position that its hatchery mitigation activities should be fully reimbursed by the Federal agencies responsible for the Federal water development projects. The Service is directed to submit as part of its annual budget request an estimate of its mitigation activities by facility, along with an estimate of sources of reimbursement funding by agency.

The Committees direct the Service, through its Fisheries Program, to continue the nation's 140year tradition of supporting commercial, subsistence, and recreational fishing. In addition, the fisheries archives, including the National Fishery Artifacts and Records Center and the Collection Management Facility, shall be maintained in its current location.

Aquatic Habitat and Species Conservation.—The agreement includes \$3,000,000 for the Klamath Basin restoration program, \$5,500,000 for the Asian carp program, and \$2,000,000 for the quagga and zebra mussel program.

Population Assessment and Cooperative Management are funded at the requested level. This funding supports inventory, monitoring, management, restoration, and maintenance of healthy and diverse aquatic species populations. These activities include working with hatcheries to monitor captive propagation programs across the country, including both the Pacific Northwest and the Great Lakes fisheries.

CONSTRUCTION

The bill provides \$15,687,000 for Construction. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this statement. The Service is expected to follow the construction project priority list included in the President's fiscal year 2015 budget request, and as shown in the table below.

State	Refuge, Hatchery, or Other Unit	Budget Request	This Bill		
	National Wildlife Refuge System				
CA	Bitter Creek NWR	\$313,000	\$313,000		
ТХ	Buffalo Lake NWR	300,000	300,000		
CA	Modoc NWR	2,000,000	2,000,000		
со	Rocky Mountain Arsenal NWR	300,000	300,000		
IA	De Soto NWR	793,000	793,000		
NJ	Wallkill River NWR / Great Swamp NWR	632,000	632,000		
	National Fish Hatchery System				
WA	Quinault NFH	862,000	862,000		
WA	Abernathy FTC	1,019,000	1,019,000		
AZ	Williams Creek NFH	120,000	120,000		

	Other		
N/A	Service Wide Seismic Safety	215,000	215,000
	Total, Line Item Construction	6,554,000	6,554,000

LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides \$47,535,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts recommended by this bill compared with the budget estimates by activity are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the budget request for fiscal year 2015.

Highlands Conservation Act Grants. – Since budgetary constraints only allow for a limited number of new land acquisition projects, it is critical to support programs that leverage public-private partnerships for land conservation like the Highlands Conservation Act, which has a record of more than a 2 to 1 ratio in non-Federal matching funds. This bill provides \$3,000,000 for the Highlands Conservation Act Grants and the Committees direct the Fish and Wildlife Service to work with the Highlands States regarding priority projects for fiscal year 2015.

California Foothills Legacy Area. – During the past year, the Fish and Wildlife Service has been developing a proposal to place certain private rangeland in central California into permanent Federal conservation easements. In recognition of the concerns raised in House Report 113-551, the Service, in a letter dated December 3, 2014, has committed not to proceed any further in development of this program. The Committees on Appropriations expect the Service to adhere to this agreement.

State	Fish and Wildlife Service	Budget Request	This Bill
CA	CA Southwest Desert San Diego National Wildlife Refuge	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000
ND/SD	Dakota Tallgrass Prairie Wildlife Management Area	3,000,000	3,000,000
ND/SD	Dakota Grassland Conservation Area	7,000,000	7,000,000
VA	National Trails System Rappahanock River National Wildlife Refuge	2,000,000	2,000,000
MT	Rocky Mountain Front Conservation Area	2,000,000	2,000,000
FL	Everglades Headwaters National Wildlife Refuge and Conservation Area	3,000,000	3,000,000
AR	Cache River National Wildlife Refuge	1,071,000	1,071,000
CT/MA /NH/VT	Silvio O. Conte National Fish and Wildlife Refuge	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Additional project requests	10,000,000	0
	Subtotal, Acquisitions	35,071,000	25,071,000

Inholding, emergency, and hardships	5,351,000	5,351,000
Exchanges	1,500,000	1,500,000
Acquisition Management	12,613,000	12,613,000
Land protection planning	465,000	0
Highlands Conservation Act Grants (CT/NJ/NY/PA)	0	3,000,000
Total, FWS Land Acquisition	55,000,000	47,535,000

COOPERATIVE ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$50,095,000 for the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund, of which \$22,695,000 is to be derived from the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund, and \$27,400,000 is to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this statement.

NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE FUND

The bill provides \$13,228,000 for payments to counties authorized by the National Wildlife Refuge Fund.

NORTH AMERICAN WETLANDS CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$34,145,000 for the North American Wetlands Conservation Fund.

NEOTROPICAL MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$3,660,000 for the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Fund.

MULTINATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$9,061,000 for the Multinational Species Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this statement.

STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS

The bill provides \$58,695,000 for State and Tribal Wildlife Grants. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this statement.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The bill does not provide the Service with the authority to seek compensation from responsible parties who injure or destroy National Wildlife Refuge System or other Service resources. The Service should resubmit the proposal in the next budget justification and provide more detail regarding the Service's current practice for litigating and seeking damages from responsible parties and a discussion of how the new process would differ.

The bill does not contain reprogramming language proposed in H.R. 5171. The Committees have been concerned in recent years with actions taken by the Service that have the appearance of attempting to sidestep the long-standing reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement. This concern has been further compounded by requested reprogrammings that have on occasion appeared to be not unforeseen or not a true emergency. In lieu of the language proposed by the House, the Committees expect the Service to fulfill both the letter and spirit of the existing reprogramming guidelines. Failure to do so will result in the Committees revisiting the House language next year.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

The bill provides \$2,275,773,000 for the Operation of the National Park System. The detailed allocation of funding by program area and activity is included in the table at the end of this division.

Operation of the National Park System.—The bill provides \$25,000,000 in new discretionary funding within the Operation of the National Park System (ONPS) appropriation to strengthen visitor services, public safety, and infrastructure programs in anticipation of increased visitation leading up to the Centennial of the National Park Service in 2016. The agreement includes \$6,000,000 to support youth and veterans programs; \$8,000,000 to increase seasonal ranger staff and enhance education and interpretation services; and \$11,000,000 to improve facilities at national park units across the country. These funds will be supplemented by a \$10,000,000 Centennial Challenge appropriation to fund joint public-private infrastructure investments. These funds are complemented by language in Title I General Provisions addressing the Volunteers in Parks program, as requested. The Service is directed to provide a report, no later than 90 days after enactment of this Act, to the House and Senate Committees on

Appropriations detailing the distribution of funds supporting the Centennial Initiative and the anticipated return on this Federal investment.

Operating Plan.—The Service is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, an operating plan for the Operation of the National Park System appropriations account that includes any necessary adjustments to the amounts provided to maintain park operations of all units budgeted in the fiscal year 2015 request. Such plan shall be subject to the reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement.

Quagga and Zebra Mussel Control.—The Committees remain concerned about the rapid spread of quagga and zebra mussels in the West. The Secretary of the Interior is directed to develop and continue to update, using the best available science, minimum protocols and training techniques for Federal, State, local, and private entities, a consistent standard of inspection and decontamination of recreational watercraft and equipment, as prescribed in the February 2010 Quagga/Zebra Mussel Action Plan for Western U.S. Waters. Further, the Service is directed to provide no less than \$2,000,000 for quagga and zebra mussel containment, prevention, and enforcement and prioritize the decontamination of watercraft and equipment leaving the watersheds of contaminated bodies, including Lake Powell and Lake Mead. Lastly, the Service is directed to report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, no later than 90 days after enactment of this Act, on steps taken to address this pervasive threat to western watersheds.

White-Nose Syndrome in Bats.—The Committees urge the Service to provide no less than \$3,000,000 within the funds provided for monitoring and surveillance activities associated with white-nose syndrome in bats.

Park Partnerships.—The Committees continue to support ongoing public-private partnerships which leverage Federal dollars and promote the efficient management of park resources. Such partnerships are fundamental to the long-term fiscal and administrative health of the Service. There is merit in the Service partnering with qualified entities to cooperatively finance and manage improvements to park facilities and programs. Efforts made by the Service thus far to expand partnerships are commendable, but more can be done. The Department and the Service are urged to continue reassessing recent policy interpretations and review procedures to promote the greater use of partnerships that have historically proven beneficial to national parks and partners.

Sewall-Belmont House and Museum.—The Sewall-Belmont House and Museum occupies an important role in the history of the women's suffrage and equal rights movements and is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The Service is presently conducting a study to determine whether this historic landmark merits inclusion in the national park system as a standalone unit. The Service is

directed to complete the study in a timely manner and share its findings with the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

National Capitol Area Performing Arts Program.—Within the amounts provided, the Service is directed to maintain funding for the National Capital Area Performing Arts Program, including the summer concert series staged on the U.S. Capitol grounds, at the fiscal year 2014 enacted level.

National Mall and Memorial Parks.—Within 60 days of enactment of this Act, the Service is directed to provide the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations a long-term plan for renewal of the concessions contract on the National Mall. The Plan shall include options for expanding services and increasing revenues to the park.

Ozark National Scenic Riverways.—The Service is directed to work collaboratively with affected parties to ensure that any Draft Management Plan for the Ozark National Scenic Riverways addresses the legitimate concerns of affected stakeholders including, but not limited to, local communities and businesses.

Roosevelt-Campobello International Park.—Funding for Roosevelt-Campobello International Park on the Maine-Canada border is jointly supported by the U.S. and Canadian governments. The Service is encouraged to provide funding for the park that is commensurate with past fiscal years and consistent with international agreements.

Jefferson National Expansion Memorial.— The CityArchRiver project has raised significant private donations for the Gateway Arch in St. Louis, Missouri. The Service is expected to exercise the maximum flexibility with respect to the recognition of private donors. The Service is further urged to engage with all stakeholders to reach agreements on donor recognition which will help to facilitate the raising of private funds while protecting the values of the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial.

Mississippi Civil Rights Sites.—There are a number of historically significant civil rights sites in Mississippi, such as the Medgar Evers House in Jackson, which are deserving of special recognition and preservation. Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the Service, working with the State of Mississippi and other interested stakeholders, shall provide the Committees an inventory of such sites that includes a listing of each site's current historic designation status and an analysis of possible threats to their preservation.

Affiliated Areas.—The bill includes language within the Operation of the National Park System account addressing certain longstanding affiliated areas of the National Park System.

NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

The bill provides \$63,117,000 for National Recreation and Preservation with the following specific directives:

Chesapeake Gateways and Trails Program.—As requested, the agreement includes \$1,999,000 for the Chesapeake Gateways and Trails Program.

Heritage Partnership Program.—The agreement provides \$20,321,000 for the Heritage Partnership Program. The recommendation rejects the Administration's proposal to reduce funding for national heritage areas. This proposed reduction would have a particularly acute impact since the Service is in the process of approving management plans for newer areas which allow them access to additional funding to implement their restoration and recreation programs.

In order to maintain stable funding sources for all areas, the bill restores funding for longstanding areas to each area's fiscal year 2014 level; provides a total of \$300,000 to national heritage areas with recently approved management plans, known as tier 2 areas, including funding for those areas whose plans are expected to be approved during the fiscal year; and provides \$150,000 to each tier 1 area that has been authorized and is still in the process of having its management plan approved. The Service is directed to refrain from further funding reallocations from longstanding areas.

The agreement includes within Title I General Provisions bill language extending by one year the authorization for the Automobile National Heritage Area, as requested. The agreement also includes language addressing a national heritage area in Wheeling, West Virginia.

The agreement includes within Title IV General Provisions bill language extending until 2021 the authorization for the American Battlefield Protection Program.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$56,410,000 for the Historic Preservation Fund. Within this amount, \$46,925,000 is provided for grants to States and \$8,985,000 is provided to Tribes, consistent with the request. The recommendation also includes \$500,000 for grants to underserved communities, as requested.

CONSTRUCTION

The bill provides \$138,339,000 for Construction with the following specific directives:

Line Item Construction.—The bill provides \$61,678,000 for line item construction projects in the fiscal year 2015 budget request and as shown in the table below. Requests for reprogramming will be considered pursuant to the guidelines in the front of this statement.

Brooks Lodge, Katmai National Park.— Funds have been provided, as requested, for the Service to construct a new bridge across the Brooks River within Katmai National Park. However, additional plans to relocate the lodge, based on the existing outdated Development Concept Plan (DCP), are

		Budget	
State	Park Unit	Request	This Bill
FL	Dry Tortugas National Park	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000
кү	Mammoth Cave National Park	6,734,000	6,734,000
NY	Theodore Roosevelt Birthplace National Historic Site	4,375,000	4,375,000
PR	San Juan National Historic Site	1,770,000	1,770,000
VA	Petersburg National Battlefield	4,993,000	4,993,000
МТ	Glacier National Park	6,300,000	6,300,000
СА	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	3,872,000	3,872,000
СА	Yosemite National Park	5,575,000	5,575,000
АК	Katmai National Park & Preserve	4,374,000	4,374,000
WA	Olympic National Park	6,275,000	6,275,000
DC	National Mall and Memorial Parks	5,000,000	5,000,000
DC	National Capital Regional Office	6,060,000	6,060,000
AK	Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve, Denali National Park and Preserve	452,000	452,000
MA	Cape Code National Seashore	1,158,000	1,158,000
CT, MA, MD, ME, NH, NY,	Appalachian National Scenic Trail	240,000	240,000

unwarranted. No fundamental changes at Brooks Lodge shall be undertaken unless and until the Service prepares a new factually and legally sufficient DCP.

PA, VA, VT			
	Total, Line Item Construction	61,678,000	61,678,000

LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND (RESCISSION)

The bill includes a rescission of \$28,000,000 in annual contract authority. This authority has not been used in recent years and there are no plans to use this authority in fiscal year 2015.

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

The bill provides \$98,960,000 for Land Acquisition and State Assistance. The amounts recommended by this bill compared with the budget estimates by activity are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the budget request for fiscal year 2015.

State	National Park Service	Budget Request	This Bill
СА	CA Southwest Desert Joshua Tree National Park	\$138,000	\$138,000
CA	CA Southwest Desert Mojave National Preserve	1,873,000	1,873,000
CA	Redwood National Park	6,250,000	6,250,000
МО	Wilson's Creek National Battlefield	900,000	900,000
NM	Pecos National Historical Park Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania County Battlefields	1,205,000	1,205,000
VA	National Military Park	1,519,000	1,519,000
PA	Gettysburg National Military Park National Trails System Ala Kahakai National Historic	376,000	376,000
HI	Trail National Trails System Appalachian National Scenic	2,000,000	2,000,000
VT	Trail National Trails System Appalachian National Scenic	533,000	533,000
NH	Trail National Trails System Captain John Smith National	2,251,000	2,251,000
VA	Historic Trail	4,000,000	4,000,000
WI	National Trails System Ice Age National Scenic Trail National Trails System New England National Scenic	1,664,000	1,664,000
MA	Trail National Trails System North Country National	247,000	247,000
MI	Scenic Trail	519,000	519,000

Additional project requests	5,510,000	0
Subtotal, Acquisitions	28,985,000	23,475,000
American Battlefield Protection Program	8,516,000	8,986,000
Emergencies and hardships	3,928,000	3,928,000
Acquisition management	9,526,000	9,526,000
Inholdings, donations, and exchanges	4,928,000	4,928,000
Total, NPS Land Acquisition	55,883,000	50,843,000
Assistance to States:		
State conservation grants (formula)	42,000,000	42,000,000
State conservation grants (competitive)	3,000,000	3,000,000
Administrative expenses	3,117,000	3,117,000
Total, Assistance to States	48,117,000	48,117,000
Total, NPS Land Acquisition and State Assistance	104,000,000	98,960,000

CENTENNIAL CHALLENGE

The bill provides \$10,000,000 for the Centennial Challenge matching grant program, a key component of the Service's Centennial Initiative. The program provides dedicated Federal funding to leverage partnerships for signature projects and programs for the national park system, including critical infrastructure investments. The amount provided for the Centennial Challenge is intended to complement funding for core operations provided in the Operation of the National Park System account to enhance the visitor experience and to protect cultural and natural resources at national park system units in anticipation of the Service's Centennial celebration. A one-to-one matching requirement is required for projects to qualify for these funds. The Service is urged to give preference to projects that demonstrate additional leveraging capacity from its partners.

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$1,045,000,000 for Surveys, Investigations, and Research of the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions:

Ecosystems.— Within the Ecosystems activity, \$1,005,000 is provided to address white-nose syndrome in bats, and \$5,646,000 is included for Asian carp control efforts. The Survey is directed to continue to analyze the distribution and magnitude of endocrine-disrupting chemicals impacting fish and wildlife in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed; therefore, the bill includes the requested increases for research in the Chesapeake Bay.

Climate and Land Use Change.—Within the Climate and Land Use Change activity, \$3,000,000 is provided for drought impacts and adaptive management; \$3,343,000 is provided for Landsat science activities; and \$5,024,000 is provided for the National Civil Applications Program.

Natural Hazards.— Funding for Natural Hazards programs includes \$59,503,000 for earthquake hazards, of which \$5,000,000 is provided to transition the earthquake early warning demonstration project into an operational capability on the West Coast. A critical component of the earthquake early warning system is maintaining the existing real-time broadband and strong motion seismic networks along with geodetic monitoring networks. As the earthquake early warning system is developed, USGS is directed to collaborate with universities, companies and other Federal agencies with expertise and existing digital seismic observing networks to continue precise observation of critical fault locations.

The bill includes \$25,121,000 for volcano hazards, of which \$2,000,000 is provided for repairing and upgrading current systems, with a focus on the highest risk volcanoes as described in the Survey's 2005 volcano assessment inventory. Several monitors are currently inoperable and maintenance is needed to continue rapid detection for public safety dissemination, including information critical to civilian and military air routes.

The bill also includes \$3,485,000 for landslide hazards. This important public safety program is encouraged to continue and strengthen its partnerships with other Federal agencies, such as the U.S. Forest Service, as well as with State and local emergency managers, in order to increase the dissemination of information and enhance coordination among them.

In order to develop a better understanding of marine hazard risk and resource availability, the Survey is encouraged to work in partnership with other Federal agencies and non-governmental organizations where practicable to support research and assessments of marine hazards and critical minerals on deepwater ships of exploration.

Water Resources.— Within Water Resources, \$34,901,000 is provided for the National Streamflow Information Program, and \$6,500,000 is provided for Water Resources Research Institutes. The National Groundwater Monitoring Network is funded at \$2,600,000 and the Survey is directed to

provide cost-share grants to States in the form of cooperative agreements to upgrade monitoring networks to national standards and to incorporate wells into the network. This funding will also support the additional work by the Survey to manage the network and provide data access through an Internet web portal.

BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$169,770,000 for Ocean Energy Management to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts and cost recovery fees totaling \$97,348,000, for a net discretionary appropriation of \$72,422,000. The request did not include any funds for coastal marine spatial planning and accordingly the bill provides no funds for such activities. The agreement includes the following additional guidance:

Renewable Energy. —The Bureau should continue to work with the Department of Energy to identify and permit a national offshore wind test site that incorporates new technology related to the structural material of transitional depth and floating wind turbines. The Bureau is also expected to continue working with coastal States and other stakeholders to study new wind energy areas, including those in shallow, transitional, and deep (over 200 feet) waters.

BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT

OFFSHORE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT

The bill provides \$189,726,000 for Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts, cost recovery fees and inspection fees totaling \$123,579,000, for a net discretionary appropriation of \$66,147,000.

OIL SPILL RESEARCH

The bill provides \$14,899,000 for Oil Spill Research.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides \$122,713,000 for Regulation and Technology. Within this amount, the bill funds regulatory grants at \$68,590,000, equal to the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. The Committees find

that the budget proposal to reduce regulatory grants would undermine the State-based regulatory system. It is imperative that States continue to operate protective regulatory programs as delegation of authority to the States is the cornerstone of the surface mining regulatory program. Further, the agreement does not provide funds to expand and enhance Federal oversight activities of State programs.

Coal Miners' Benefits.—For nearly 20 years, Congress has facilitated the secure retirement of coal miners by providing funding for retiree healthcare benefits through the Abandoned Mine Lands program. However, there are additional threats to miners' pension and health plans as the result of the 2008 financial crisis and a recent corporate bankruptcy. If Congressional action is not taken to address the long-term solvency of these pension and healthcare funds prior to the end of the 113th Congress, the Administration is encouraged to consider legislative alternatives to address these concerns as part of the fiscal year 2016 budget request.

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

The bill provides \$27,399,000 for the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$2,429,236,000 for Operation of Indian Programs. In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions and changes to the budget request:

New Tribes.—The agreement supports the requested amount of \$463,000 for new Tribes and notes the challenge of reconciling the timing of the tribal recognition process with the annual budget formulation process. If additional Tribes are recognized during fiscal year 2015 beyond those contemplated in the budget request, the Bureau is urged to support their capacity building efforts to the extent feasible.

Road Maintenance.—The agreement includes \$2,000,000 above the budget request which may be used for school bus routes. The agreement does not include further reporting requirements.

Trust – Real Estate Services.—Consistent with the request, \$127,002,000 is provided for trustreal estate services programs, including \$7,000,000 to implement Klamath Basin Restoration Agreement activities. *Education.*— The agreement includes \$2,000,000 for the development and operation of tribal departments or divisions of education as authorized in 25 U.S.C. 2020.

The Bureau is directed to publish its internal review of Early Child and Family Development programs and to consult with Tribes, other current program partners, and Congress before initiating the pilot projects proposed in the request. Any new pilot projects shall not reduce funding for currently operating Family and Child Education programs.

The Bureau is directed to publish the results of the most recent Johnson-O'Malley student count, and to consult with Tribes and Congress before proposing any changes in the distribution of future funds or in the frequency or method of future counts.

The Bureau is encouraged to coordinate with the Indian Health Service to establish a pilot program integrating preventive dental care at schools within the Bureau system.

The agreement includes bill language providing the Secretary with the authority to approve satellite locations of existing BIE schools if a Tribe can demonstrate that the establishment of such locations would provide comparable levels of education as are being offered at such existing BIE schools, and would not significantly increase costs to the Federal Government. The intent is for this authority to be exercised only in extraordinary circumstances to provide Tribes with additional flexibility regarding where students are educated without compromising how they are educated, and to significantly reduce the hardship and expense of transporting students over long distances, all without unduly increasing costs that would otherwise unfairly come at the expense of other schools in the BIE system.

In order to be successful, the Administration's emphasis on education must be complemented by efforts to improve interagency coordination for the multiplicity of programs that affect the wellbeing of Native American children. In addition to education, these include healthcare, social services, child welfare and juvenile justice programs. It is recommended that the Bureau, working in concert with other affected Federal agencies, examine ways to support such a cross-cutting coordination effort, including the establishment of a commission on Native American children.

Public Safety and Justice.—The agreement includes \$1,000,000 above the budget request to provide training in Indian country to carry out the new provisions in the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013.

The Indian Law and Order Commission's November 2013 report notes that Federal investment in tribal justice for Public Law 83–280 States has been more limited than elsewhere in Indian country. Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the Bureau, in coordination with the Department of Justice, is directed to report to the House and Senate committees of jurisdiction on the budgetary needs of tribal courts in these States.

Executive Direction and Administrative Services.—The Bureau is directed to fund the requested program evaluations for education and social service programs within the amounts provided in this program.

Indian Arts and Crafts Board.—Funding for the Indian Arts and Crafts Board is retained within the Office of the Secretary rather than transferred to the Bureau as requested.

CONSTRUCTION (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$128,876,000 for Construction. In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions and changes to the budget request:

Education.—The agreement includes \$20,165,000 for school replacement, \$3,823,000 for employee housing repair, and \$50,513,000 for facilities improvement and repair. The amount for school replacement completes the funding requirements for the school construction project started in fiscal year 2014 and covers design costs for the final two schools on the 2004 priority list. The Bureau is directed to publish a new list in time for the fiscal year 2016 funding cycle.

Significant health and safety hazards exist at Indian educational facilities across the country, including the Bug-O-Nay-Ge-Shig School of the Leech Lake Band of Ojibwe. The Bureau is urged to continue to work with Tribes to repair and replace substandard educational facilities.

Public Safety and Justice.—The Committees continue to encourage the Bureau to consider establishing regional detention centers at new or existing facilities, such as the Shoshone-Bannock Tribes' Justice Center, as it works to combat the crime problem in Indian Country.

Maintenance Shortfalls.—The Bureau is encouraged to request full funding for facilities maintenance needs in future budget requests.

INDIAN LAND AND WATER CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO INDIANS

The bill provides \$35,655,000 for Indian Land and Water Claims Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

INDIAN GUARANTEED LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides \$7,731,000 for the Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS

The bill provides \$265,263,000 for Departmental Offices, Office of the Secretary, Departmental Operations. The detailed allocation of funding by program area and activity is included in the table at the end of the statement. The bill provides \$12,000,000 for the Office of Valuation Services. The amount provided for the Office of Natural Resources Revenue includes fixed costs and partial funding for verification pilots, as requested.

National Monument Designations.—The Department is directed to work collaboratively with interested parties, including the Congress, States, local communities, Tribal governments and others before making national monument designations.

Indian Arts and Crafts Board.—The Committees have provided funding for the Indian Arts and Crafts Board within the Office of the Secretary rather than moving it to the Bureau of Indian Affairs as proposed in the budget request.

Invasive Species.—The National Invasive Species Council is directed to submit an interagency crosscut budget for fiscal years 2013 through 2016 not later than 90 days after the President submits a fiscal year 2016 budget to the Congress. The crosscut budget should include the same seven general spending categories as in prior year reports.

INSULAR AFFAIRS ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES

The bill provides \$85,976,000 for Assistance to Territories, equal to the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. In addition to the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions:

Within these amounts, the bill includes a total of \$3,000,000 to continue discretionary grants to mitigate the impact of Compact-related migration on affected jurisdictions, as authorized by section 104(e) of Public Law 108–188. This amount is equal to the fiscal year 2014 level. As in previous years,

the Department shall allocate these grants in conjunction with other currently authorized mandatory grants in order to help offset educational costs incurred by these jurisdictions.

COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

The bill provides \$3,318,000 for Compact of Free Association. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$65,800,000 for the Office of the Solicitor. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$50,047,000 for the Office of Inspector General. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL TRUSTEE FOR AMERICAN INDIANS FEDERAL TRUST PROGRAMS (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$139,029,000 for the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS

WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$804,779,000 for Department of the Interior Wildland Fire Management, which is \$63,797,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level (excluding the additional fire suppression funding that was included as repayment for fire transfers in fiscal year 2013). Of the funds provided, \$291,657,000 is for suppression operations, which combined with \$92,000,000 in the FLAME Wildfire

Suppression Reserve Fund fully funds the 10-year average for fire suppression at \$383,657,000. Total funding provided in fiscal year 2015 for Department of the Interior Wildland Fire Management accounts is \$896,779,000. The detailed allocation of funding for these accounts is included in the table at the end of this statement. The following directions are also provided:

Hazardous Fuels Management. – The bill provides \$164,000,000 for hazardous fuels management activities, of which \$10,000,000 is for resilient landscapes activities. The total for hazardous fuels management activities is \$18,976,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level.

The Department of the Interior is encouraged to evaluate existing commercial satellite technology to determine whether such technology may provide a low-cost early warning capability to save lives and property.

Sage-Grouse Habitat. – The Department of the Interior is directed to work collaboratively with the Forest Service and other stakeholders in developing hazardous fuels management plans that take into consideration the conservation of sage-grouse habitat. The Administration is encouraged to seek additional funding in fiscal year 2016 and subsequent fiscal years to continue this concerted effort.

FLAME WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION RESERVE FUND (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$92,000,000 for the FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Fund.

CENTRAL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FUND

The bill provides \$10,010,000 for the Central Hazardous Materials Fund.

NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT FUND

The bill provides \$7,767,000 for the Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The bill provides \$57,100,000 for the Department of the Interior, Working Capital Fund. Within the funds provided, a total of \$1,200,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level has been provided to initiate office space consolidation in lieu of the amounts requested. The Secretary may proceed with

additional consolidation activities if cost savings are realized from other Working Capital Fund programs during the fiscal year, consistent with reprogramming guidelines.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes various legislative provisions affecting the Department in Title I of the bill, "General Provisions, Department of the Interior." The provisions are:

Section 101 provides Secretarial authority for the intra-bureau transfer of program funds for expenditures in cases of emergencies when all other emergency funds are exhausted.

Section 102 provides for the Department-wide expenditure or transfer of funds by the Secretary in the event of actual or potential emergencies including forest fires, range fires, earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, storms, oil spills, grasshopper and Mormon cricket outbreaks, and surface mine reclamation emergencies.

Section 103 provides for the use of appropriated funds by the Secretary for contracts, rental cars and aircraft, telephone expenses, and other certain services.

Section 104 provides for the transfer of funds from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education, and Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians.

Section 105 permits the redistribution of tribal priority allocation and tribal base funds to alleviate funding inequities.

Section 106 authorizes the acquisition of lands for the purpose of operating and maintaining facilities that support visitors to Ellis, Governors, and Liberty Islands.

Section 107 continues Outer Continental Shelf inspection fees to be collected by the Secretary of the Interior.

Section 108 authorizes the Bureau of Land Management to implement an oil and gas leasing Internet program.

Section 109 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to continue the reorganization of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation, and Enforcement in conformance with Committee reprogramming guidelines.

Section 110 provides the Secretary of the Interior with authority to enter into multi-year cooperative agreements with non-profit organizations for long-term care of wild horses and burros.

Section 111 addresses the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's responsibilities for mass marking of salmonid stocks.

Section 112 continues a provision which directs the Secretary of the Interior to make certain certifications with respect to existing rights of way. The section also retains a provision limiting funding

for a proposal to approve specified rights-of-way on the Mojave National Preserve or lands managed by the Needles Field Office of the Bureau of Land Management.

Section 113 extends authorization for certain payments to the Republic of Palau for fiscal year 2015.

Section 114 addresses Bureau of Land Management actions regarding grazing on public lands. Section 115 continues a provision prohibiting funds to implement, administer, or enforce

Secretarial Order 3310 issued by the Secretary of the Interior on December 22, 2010.

Section 116 extends a provision allowing the Bureau of Indian Education authority to rent or lease land and facilities and retain the receipts.

Section 117 continues through fiscal year 2020 forest ecosystem health and recovery activities. Section 118 addresses the National Park Service's ability to implement the Volunteers in Parks

program in anticipation of increased volunteer activity related to the Service's Centennial in 2016.

Section 119 allows the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education to more efficiently and effectively perform reimbursable work.

Section 120 addresses National Heritage Areas.

Section 121 addresses certain payments made by the National Park Service.

Section 122 addresses the issuance of rules for sage-grouse.

TITLE II - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The bill provides \$8,139,887,000 for the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Based on estimates provided by EPA in the fiscal year 2015 congressional budget justification, the funding level provided is adequate to fully fund payroll. EPA shall make payroll its top priority as it executes its fiscal year 2015 appropriation. Further, this amount fully funds rent needs in each account and program project area, taking into account the fiscal year 2014 reprogramming that shifted funds between program areas to restore rent.

Congressional Budget Justification.— The Agency is directed to continue to include the information requested in House Report 112-331 and any proposals to change State allocation formulas that affect the distribution of appropriated funds in future budget justifications.

Reprogramming.—The Agency is held to the reprogramming limitation of \$1,000,000 and should continue to follow the reprogramming directives as provided in the front of this explanatory statement. Further, the Agency may not use any amount of deobligated funds to initiate a new program, office, or initiative, without the prior approval of the Committees.

Within 30 days of enactment of this Act, the Agency is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations its annual operating plan for fiscal year 2015, which shall detail how the Agency plans to allocate funds at the program project level.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides \$734,648,000 for Science and Technology programs and transfers \$18,850,000 from the Hazardous Substance Superfund account to this account. The bill provides the following specific funding levels and direction:

Indoor Air and Radiation. — The agreement includes \$5,997,000. The proposed elimination of radon activities has been rejected.

Research: Chemical Safety and Sustainability. — The agreement includes \$126,930,000. The agreement rejects the proposed reduction for the IRIS program and provides no further directives related to the program.

Research: National Priorities. — The bill provides \$4,100,000 which shall be used for extramural research grants, independent of the Science to Achieve Results grant program, to fund high-priority water quality and availability research by not-for-profit organizations who often partner with the Agency. Funds shall be awarded competitively with priority given to partners proposing research of national scope and

who provide a 25 percent match. The Agency is directed to allocate funds to grantees within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Research: Safe and Sustainable Water Resources. — The agreement includes \$107,434,000. The proposed elimination of the beach program has been rejected and the agreement provides no further directives.

Research: Sustainable and Healthy Communities. — The agreement includes \$149,975,000. Funding is included for the Agency's STAR and the Greater Research Opportunities fellowship programs consistent with fiscal year 2014 levels.

Additional Guidance.—The agreement includes the following additional guidance:

Bristol Bay Assessment.—The agreement does not include a directive on the Bristol Bay Watershed assessment.

Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS).— The Agency is directed to provide the report requested in House Report 113-551.

Nanomaterial Research.—The Agency is encouraged to continue collaborative research efforts with the Food and Drug Administration and, where possible, seek to maximize the impact of their respective research program related to nanotechnology and safe and sustainable molecular design.

Public Access to Research.—In February 2013, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, Executive Office of the President issued guidelines on increasing public access to the results of federally funded scientific research. Given the importance of research funded by EPA, the Agency is encouraged to comply expeditiously.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS AND MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$2,613,679,000 for Environmental Programs and Management and includes the following specific funding levels and direction:

Enforcement. — The agreement includes \$240,637,000 and includes no further directives under this heading.

Environmental Protection: National Priorities.—-The bill provides \$12,700,000 for a competitive grant program to provide technical assistance for improved water quality or safe drinking water to rural and urban communities or individual private well owners. The Agency is directed to provide \$11,000,000 for grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations, on a national or multi-State regional basis, for on-site training and technical assistance for water systems in rural or urban communities. The Agency is also directed to provide \$1,700,000 for grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations for technical assistance for individual private well owners, with priority given to

organizations that currently provide technical and educational assistance to individual private well owners. The Agency shall require each grantee to provide a minimum 10 percent match, including in-kind contributions. The Agency is directed to allocate funds to grantees within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Geographic Programs. — The bill provides \$427,737,000, as distributed in the table at the end of this division, and includes the following direction:

Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (GLRI).—The bill provides \$300,000,000. EPA shall follow the direction provided in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 as it implements the program in fiscal year 2015. Further, new research tools are providing more rapid tests of organism health and environmental conditions, which can serve to reduce costs and leverage public investment in the health of the Great Lakes. The Agency is encouraged to consider such promising fields of study as they allocate research funding under the GLRI.

Chesapeake Bay.—The bill provides \$73,000,000. From within the amount, the Committees direct \$6,000,000 for nutrient and sediment removal grants and \$6,000,000 for small watershed grants to control polluted runoff from urban, suburban and agricultural lands, and include no further directives.

Gulf of Mexico. — The bill provides \$4,482,000. The increasing problem of hypoxia is a cause for concern. The Gulf of Mexico program is crucial in partnering with States and universities to study and monitor the effects of hypoxia.

Indoor Air and Radiation. — The agreement includes \$27,637,000. The proposed elimination of radon activities has been rejected.

Information Exchange. — The agreement includes \$126,538,000, including \$3,427,000 for the Immediate Office of the Administrator and \$7,163,000 for the Office of Congressional Affairs (OCIR). Bill language is included withholding \$856,750 from the Immediate Office and \$1,790,750 from OCIR until the following overdue reports from the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 are submitted to the Committees: (1) the progress report under the heading Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS); (2) the report under the heading Drinking Water Treatment Compliance Flexibility; (3) the report under the heading Infrastructure Assistance.

Operations and Administration. — The agreement includes \$482,751,000, including \$2,966,000 for the Immediate Office of the Chief Financial Officer. Bill language is included withholding \$741,500 from the Immediate Office until the following overdue reports from the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 are submitted to the Committees: (1) the progress report under the heading Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS); (2) the report under the heading Drinking Water Treatment Compliance

Flexibility; (3) the report under the heading State Role in Clean Air Act Implementation; and (4) the report under the heading Infrastructure Assistance.

Water: Ecosystems.—The agreement includes \$47,788,000. The Agency is strongly encouraged to provide cooperative funding to enhance real-time monitoring of coastal and estuarine water quality in areas affected by extreme weather events, and to develop tools to provide real time and dynamic information to inform management decisions. In addition, the Committees direct EPA to use the funds provided to accelerate the processing of mining permits with the Corps of Engineers. Further, the Committees direct EPA, in consultation with the Corps of Engineers, to report monthly on the number of Section 404 permits under EPA's review. The report should include the information requested under this heading in House Report 112-589, and the Committees include no further directives under this heading.

Water: Human Health Protection.—The agreement includes \$98,507,000. The proposed elimination of the beach program has been rejected and funding for this program has been restored within the funds provided.

Water Quality Protection.—The agreement includes \$210,417,000. From within this amount, \$2,200,000 is for hiring and staffing needs to implement the Agency's new responsibilities under the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act of 2014 (WIFIA). The Committees support the Agency's development of the Integrated Planning Guidance to enhance flexibility for communities struggling to meet compliance costs mandated under the Clean Water Act (CWA) as well as the Agency's efforts to consider a community's ability to pay for compliance costs when determining settlement agreements under the CWA. Further, the Agency is directed to maintain technical assistance and outreach to communities seeking to develop and implement an integrated planning approach to meeting Clean Water Act requirements.

Additional Guidance.— The agreement includes additional guidance detailed in House Report 113-551 related only to Antimicrobial Solutions for Citrus Disease, Brown Marmorated Stink Bug, Composite Wood Products, Consent Decree, E15 outreach, and Pending herbicide registrations. The agreement also includes the following:

Administrator Priorities. — Funding for Administrator priorities shall not exceed the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. The Agency is directed to submit a report within 90 days of enactment of this Act that identifies how the fiscal year 2013 and 2014 funding was used by account, program area and program project and includes a description of the activities and any anticipated results. Future congressional budget justifications should identify funding in each program project that has been set aside for Administrator priorities, and include a justification for the effort and any anticipated results.

Combined Sewer Overflows(CSOs).— CSOs are a major contributor to water quality issues in the Lake Michigan Basin and it is noted that many communities have made strides to update wastewater

infrastructure to mitigate the impact of CSOs. As such, the Agency is directed to provide a report based on available data indicating, for each CSO community in the Great Lakes Basin, the implementation status of each CSO long term control plan. Additionally, the report should include a summary of annual discharge volumes.

Lead Test Kit.—In 2008, EPA adopted the Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting rule which included criteria by which the Agency could certify a test kit that contractors could use onsite to comply with the rule; yet, six years later no kit has been developed that meets these standards. The Agency is directed to prioritize efforts with stakeholders in fiscal year 2015 to identify solutions that would allow for a test kit to meet the criteria within the 2008 rule to reduce costs for consumers, remodelers and families to comply with the rule. If no solution is reached by the end of the fiscal year, EPA should revisit the test kit criteria in the 2008 rule and solicit public comment on alternatives.

Protection of Personal Information. — The Committees understand that the Government Accountability Office's (GAO's) investigation into the EPA's policies for protecting personal information is ongoing. The Committees look forward to the GAO's findings and recommendations to ensure that all personally identifiable information, when collected, is appropriately safeguarded.

Reclaimed and Recycled Oil.—The Agency is urged to support public-private partnerships that address the reclamation, recycling and beneficial reuse of refined petroleum products.

HAZARDOUS WASTE ELECTRONIC MANIFEST SYSTEM FUND

The bill provides \$3,674,000 for the Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides \$41,489,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The bill provides \$42,317,000 for Buildings and Facilities. From within this amount \$7,850,000 is provided for design and engineering plans for a new research facility as described in the budget request, and the Agency is directed to submit a status report to the Committees on Appropriations on a quarterly basis.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SUPERFUND (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$1,088,769,000 for the Hazardous Substance Superfund account and includes bill language to transfer \$9,939,000 to the Office of Inspector General account and \$18,850,000 to the Science and Technology account. The agreement only includes the following directives for the Superfund program:

Community Involvement.— The Agency is directed to factor community acceptance into its Superfund remedial cleanup remedy selection process and, when supported by a community, consider remedial cleanup remedies that provide green space as part of a remedial action.

Financial Assurance.— Prior to proposing any rule pursuant to section 108(b) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9608(b)), the Administrator is directed to collect and analyze information from the commercial insurance and financial industries regarding the use and availability of necessary instruments (including surety bonds, letters of credit and insurance) for meeting any new financial responsibility requirements and to make that analysis available to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and to the general public on the Agency website 90 days prior to a proposed rulemaking. In addition, the analysis shall include the Agency's plan to avoid requiring financial assurances that are duplicative of those already required by other Federal agencies.

LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TRUST FUND PROGRAM

The bill provides \$91,941,000 for the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Program.

INLAND OIL SPILL PROGRAMS

The bill provides \$18,209,000 for Inland Oil Spill Programs.

STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The bill provides \$3,545,161,000 for the State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG) program and includes the following specific funding levels and direction:

Diesel Emissions Reductions Grants (DERA).—The bill provides \$30,000,000 for DERA grants. The Agency shall continue to make at least 70 percent of DERA grants available to improve air quality in non-attainment areas.

Targeted Airshed Grants.—The bill provides \$10,000,000 for targeted airshed grants to reduce air pollution in non-attainment areas. These grants shall be distributed on a competitive basis to non-
attainment areas that EPA determines are ranked as the top five most polluted areas relative to annual ozone or particulate matter 2.5 standards. To determine these areas, the Agency shall use the most recent design values calculated from validated air quality data. The Committees note that these funds are available for emission reduction activities deemed necessary for compliance with national ambient air quality standards and included in a State Implementation Plan submitted to EPA.

Categorical Grants.—The bill provides \$1,054,378,000 for Categorical Grants and funding levels are specified in the table at the end of this division. The amount also includes \$228,219,000 for the State and Local Air Quality Management grant program. The Agency is directed to allocate funds for this program using the same formula as fiscal year 2014.

Use of Iron and Steel.—The bill includes language in Title IV General Provisions that stipulates requirements for the use of iron and steel in State Revolving Fund projects. The Committees acknowledge that EPA may issue a waiver of said requirements for *de minimis* amounts of iron and steel building materials. The Committees emphasize that any coating processes that are applied to the external surface of iron and steel components that otherwise qualify under the procurement preference shall not render such products ineligible for the procurement preference regardless of where the coating processes occur, provided that final assembly of the products occurs in the United States.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (INCLUDING TRANSFER AND RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill includes language that addresses the collection and expenditure of pesticide fees, allows cooperative agreements to Tribes, allows transfer of funds for the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, and authorizes amounts for one-time facility repairs. EPA shall follow the direction provided in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 as it utilizes its special pay authority, and submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations that details the Agency's use of such authority within 60 days of the date of enactment of this Act. The report should include the number of employees, by program office, that the Agency has hired in the last two years using its authority. The report should include a breakdown of how many employees were hired from outside the Agency, and how many were internal hires.

Rescission.—The bill rescinds \$40,000,000 of unobligated balances from the State and Tribal Assistance Grants account. The Committee is aware that the Agency has \$16,600,000 of remaining balances from prior year special project infrastructure grants that grantees could not use or repurpose and therefore returned to the Agency. The Agency is directed to rescind these balances; however, beyond this amount the Agency is not to include any other unobligated balances from prior year special project infrastructure grants. The remaining \$23,400,000 of the rescission shall be taken from all other unobligated balances in the State and Tribal Assistance Grants appropriation account, applying a percentage that is proportional to the unobligated balance remaining for each program project, except that the Committee does not expect EPA to include brownfield infrastructure assistance grants in the rescission. Thirty days prior to executing the rescission, the Agency shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations detailing the amount of rescission by program project.

Purchase Cards.—The recent Inspector General report detailing significant improper transactions on purchase cards issued to employees is concerning. Employees whose purchase card transactions are found to be prohibited, improper, or erroneous should have their purchase card privileges immediately revoked. Further, the Agency shall submit a report within 60 days of enactment of this Act to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations detailing what steps it has taken to ensure further violations will not occur if it wishes to reinstate the card, and that restitution by the employee has been made.

TITLE III - RELATED AGENCIES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOREST SERVICE

FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$296,000,000 for Forest and Rangeland Research, which includes \$70,000,000 for Forest Inventory and Analysis. The following directions are also provided:

The Forest Service is directed to continue making significant investments in research and development and to prioritize white-nose syndrome in bats, research to improve management of the stressors impacting forests, and development of markets to offset the increasing cost of forest management. The Forest Service is urged to invest in high value, high volume markets for low value wood through a wide range of biomass uses, including nanotechnology, wood for energy, and green building construction. This includes innovative building systems to support growth in the market share of wood in both residential and non-residential construction; research, grants, and demonstration projects to advance the use of wood products in high-rise construction; and wood-based nanotechnology.

Urban Forest Research.—The Forest Service is encouraged to maintain a vibrant urban forest research program to assist urban communities in inventorying and assessing the changing conditions and health of urban forests and develop strategic plans to sustain these natural resources.

Bighorn Sheep Research.—The Forest Service is urged to collaborate with the Bureau of Land Management and the Agricultural Research Service on research involving the risk of disease transmission between domestic and bighorn sheep.

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

The bill provides \$232,653,000 for State and Private Forestry. The following directions are also provided:

Landscape Scale Restoration.—The Forest Service is expected to continue the competitive process and to award the funding in a manner that provides each State with funds to implement the highest priorities in their Forest Action Plans, engage woodland owners in active forest management, leverage non-Federal resources, and produce measurable economic, ecological and social benefits. The Forest Service is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations within 90 days of enactment of this Act on the progress made during the first year of implementation and projections for the coming year.

Cooperative Forestry.—The Forest Stewardship Program is uniquely positioned to engage woodland owners on active forest management and conservation activities to address the growing threats of fire, insects and disease, fragmentation, and other challenges facing privately owned forest lands. The Forest Service is directed to provide the Committees on Appropriations with a report on its actions to improve this program, better leverage partner resources, engage additional landowners, and ensure sustained follow-up, as part of the fiscal year 2016 budget justification.

The Forest Service is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations within 90 days of enactment of this Act on the progress being made with regard to salvage and rehabilitation operations on the Stanislaus National Forest.

Forest Legacy.—The bill provides \$53,000,000 for the Forest Legacy program. This includes \$6,400,000 for program administration and \$46,600,000 for projects. The Service should fund projects in priority order according to the competitively selected national priority list submitted by the Forest Service as part of its fiscal year 2015 budget request.

International Forestry.—The Forest Service is expected to continue making investments in this program that plays a large role in protecting the U.S. forest products industry by improving the sustainability and legality of timber management overseas, thereby reducing the amount of underpriced and illegally harvested timber on the world market.

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$1,494,330,000 for the National Forest System. The following directions are also provided:

Integrated Resource Restoration (IRR).—The bill continues funding for the IRR pilot in Regions 1, 3, and 4. The Forest Service is expected to complete an evaluation during fiscal year 2015 of the first three years of the proof of concept pilot, including the metrics required in the initiation of the pilot in fiscal year 2012. If the Forest Service expects due consideration of a fiscal year 2016 request to expand IRR beyond these three regions, the report should be provided no later than 90 days after enactment of this Act.

Land Management Planning, Inventory and Monitoring.—The bill provides \$37,754,000 for Land Management Planning and \$151,019,000 for Inventory and Monitoring. The agreement does not approve the consolidation of these two line items.

Travel Management Plans.—The Committees expect the Forest Service to work with impacted communities prior to and during the travel management planning process to gain comprehensive

information regarding current and historic road location and usage and to ensure understanding of the social, cultural and economic impact of travel management plans.

Recreation, Heritage and Wilderness.—The Forest Service is urged to provide sufficient funding for the maintenance of rural airstrips in future budget requests and to consult with Congress, State and local officials, and affected stakeholders, prior to making a determination to close or terminate the use of any rural airstrips. The Forest Service is encouraged to work with local partners to facilitate the rehabilitation of historic structures, some of which were constructed by the Civilian Conservation Corps, to generate revenue and provide opportunities for interpretation.

The Forest Service is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations within 90 days of enactment of this Act on its plans for continued operation of the Philadelphia Peak radio repeater in the Green Mountain National Forest.

The Forest Service is urged to target a higher board feet volume and to implement larger projects and reduce unit costs.

Grazing Management.—The Committees direct the Forest Service, to the greatest extent practicable, to make vacant grazing allotments available to a holder of a grazing permit or lease when lands covered by the holder of the permit or lease are unusable because of drought or wildfire.

Law Enforcement Operations.—The Forest Service is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations 90 days after the enactment of this Act, regarding the steps taken to include Law Enforcement and Investigations as an integral participant in the annual forest planning process as a means to ensure stronger collaboration among all partners and focused enforcement strategies aimed at safety, interdiction and mitigation of illegal marijuana cultivation on public lands.

Valles Caldera National Preserve.— In accordance with Sec. 3043 of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2015, this bill provides the Secretary of Agriculture with the necessary authority to transfer all unobligated balances from the Valles Caldera National Preserve account to the Secretary of the Interior.

Stewardship Contracting.—The Forest Service is strongly encouraged to expeditiously prepare and publish draft rulemaking to establish a small business set-aside program for timber contracts undertaken using stewardship contracting authority that is consistent with previous commitments made by the Service and the Department of Agriculture on this matter.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND MAINTENANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$360,374,000 for Capital Improvement and Maintenance programs offset by a \$17,000,000 scoring credit related to the road and trail fund. The following directions are also provided:

Facilities.—The bill provides \$71,600,000 for Facilities including \$16,231,000 for construction and \$55,369,000 for maintenance.

Roads.—The bill provides \$168,094,000 for Roads including \$24,640,000 for construction and \$143,454,000 for maintenance.

Trails.—The bill provides \$77,530,000 for Trails including \$7,753,000 for construction and \$69,777,000 for maintenance.

Legacy Roads and Trails.—The bill provides \$40,000,000 for the Legacy Roads and Trails program. The Forest Service is expected to allocate this funding in a manner proportionate to the distribution of roads in need of attention across the system and to direct funds to regions most in need of road remediation.

Gifford Pinchot National Forest.—Within the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, the Forest Service is encouraged to give preference to the reduction of a road to Maintenance Level 1 over decommissioning and to decommission only after final plantation restoration work in Late Successional Reserve habitat development, or on a portion of road where resource protection cannot be adequately met by closing and stabilizing.

LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides \$47,500,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts recommended by this bill compared with the budget estimates by activity are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the budget request for fiscal year 2015. The Forest Service is expected to use the Cash Equalization, Critical Inholdings, and Priority Recreational Access line items to acquire high priority lands that maximize benefits to the public through consolidated Federal ownership that creates management efficiencies, or protects critical resources, including wilderness. The Forest Service is directed to prioritize recreational access projects that significantly enhance access to existing public lands that have inadequate access for hunting, fishing, and other recreational activities.

State	Forest Service	Forest Unit	Budget Request	This Bill
CA	California Southwest Desert	San Bernardino	\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000
CA	California Southwest Desert	Pacific Crest NST	1,265,000	1,265,000

CA	Sierra Nevada Checkerboard; Royal Gorge	Tahoe	2,200,000	2,200,000
MT	Tenderfoot	Lewis and Clark	2,000,000	2,000,000
TN	National Trails System	Appalachian NST	330,000	330,000
WA	National Trails System	Pacific Northwest NST	2,700,000	2,700,000
WA	National Trails System North Carolina Threatened	Pacific Crest NST	1,320,000	1,320,000
NC	Treasures	Pisgah	2,100,000	2,100,000
NM	Wilderness Inholdings	Gila Wilderness White Mountain	500,000	500,000
NM	Wilderness Inholdings	Wilderness	100,000	100,000
KY	Wilderness Inholdings	Beaver Creek Wilderness Stikine LeConte	50,000	50,000
AK	Wilderness Inholdings	Wilderness	145,000	145,000
CA	Wilderness Inholdings Florida-Georgia Longleaf Pine	Ventana Wilderness	240,000	240,000
FL	Initiative	Osceola	5,000,000	5,000,000
IL	Mid-America's Great Rivers	Shawnee	2,200,000	2,200,000
OR	Pacific Northwest Streams	Siuslaw	150,000	150,000
WA	Pacific Northwest Streams Washington Cascades-Yakima	Rogue River-Siskiyou	350,000	350,000
WA	River Watershed	Okanogan-Wenatchee	2,700,000	2,700,000
MI	Great Lakes Northwoods	Ottawa	650,000	650,000
WI	Great Lakes Northwoods	Chequamegon-Nicolet	2,500,000	2,500,000
NM	Miranda Canyon South Carolina's Longleaf	Carson	2,600,000	2,600,000
SC	Legacy Wasatch Watersheds-	Francis Marion	2,000,000	2,000,000
UT	Bonneville Shoreline Trail	Uinta-Wasatch-Cache	1,500,000	1,500,000
CA	Hurdygurdy	Six Rivers	1,300,000	1,300,000
	Additional project requests		5,000,000	0
	Subtotal, Acquisitions		41,000,000	36,000,000
	Acquisition Management		7,500,000	7,500,000
	Cash equalization		500,000	500,000
	Priority recreational access		2,000,000	2,000,000
	Critical Inholdings		0	1,500,000
	Total, FS Land Acquisition		51,000,000	47,500,000

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS SPECIAL ACTS

The bill provides \$950,000 for the Acquisition of Lands for National Forests Special Acts.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS TO COMPLETE LAND EXCHANGES

The bill provides \$216,000 for the Acquisition of Lands to Complete Land Exchanges.

RANGE BETTERMENT FUND

The bill provides \$2,320,000 for the Range Betterment Fund.

GIFTS, DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS FOR FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$45,000 for Gifts, Donations and Bequests for Forest and Rangeland Research.

MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL FOREST LANDS FOR SUBSISTENCE USES

The bill provides \$2,500,000 for the Management of National Forest Lands for Subsistence Uses and does not support the proposed elimination of this appropriation.

WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$2,333,298,000 for Forest Service Wildland Fire Management, which is \$170,996,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level, (excluding the additional fire suppression funding that was included as repayment for fire transfers in fiscal year 2013). Of the funds provided, \$708,000,000 is for suppression operations, which combined with \$303,060,000 in the FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Fund fully funds the 10-year average for suppression at \$1,011,060,000. Total funding provided in fiscal year 2015 for Forest Service Wildland Fire Management accounts is \$2,636,358,000. The following directions are also provided:

Wildfire Preparedness Operations.—The bill provides an additional \$65,000,000 for the acquisition of aircraft for the next-generation airtanker fleet to enhance firefighting mobility, effectiveness, efficiency, and safety. Funding for the acquisition of new airtankers is essential to support the need of the Forest Service to phase out numerous antiquated aircraft and its desire to maintain 18 to

28 airtankers for wildland fire suppression. While aircraft being transferred to the Forest Service from the Coast Guard under the National Defense Authorization Act, 2014 will be a helpful short-term solution, the Forest Service anticipates a life expectancy of six to twelve years once they take possession, due to the mission stressors of aerial firefighting. Therefore, it is critical to begin the process of developing a long-term solution for air support in fighting wildfires. The Forest Service is directed to budget for ongoing airtanker modernization needs in fiscal year 2016 and subsequent fiscal years, and to continue to provide regular updates to the Committees on Appropriations on cost-containment and risk management efforts and the budgetary impact of additional aviation assets.

The Forest Service is encouraged to evaluate existing commercial satellite technology to determine whether such technology may provide a low-cost early warning capability to save lives and property.

Hazardous Fuels Management.—The bill provides \$361,749,000 for hazardous fuels management activities, \$55,249,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. Within this amount, \$15,000,000 is for biomass utilization grants, which the Forest Service is expected to use for the development of bioenergy and bio-based products that will expand commercial markets for low value wood to facilitate increased removal of biomass beyond traditional fuels treatment. The Forest Service is urged to work proactively with States, as well as new and existing local forest collaboratives on project areas where risk from fire to communities, sensitive wildlife habitat, and healthy forests is high, where risk can effectively be mitigated, and where communities are proactively investing in risk reduction activities on adjacent private lands.

Sage-Grouse Habitat.—The Forest Service is directed to work collaboratively with the Department of the Interior and other stakeholders in developing hazardous fuels management plans that take into consideration the conservation of sage-grouse habitat and encourages the Administration to seek additional funding in fiscal year 2016 and subsequent fiscal years to continue this concerted effort.

FLAME WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION RESERVE FUND (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$303,060,000 for the FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Fund.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES The bill provides \$4,182,147,000 for Indian Health Services. In addition to the table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions and changes to the budget request:

The agreement includes \$662,970,000 for contract support costs. This amount includes \$45,765,000 to meet the fiscal year 2015 shortfall estimate that was provided to the Committees following submission of the President's budget request. The agreement includes funds requested to repay other budget line items which were reprogrammed in order to cover the fiscal year 2014 contract support cost shortfall.

The agreement does not include requested funds for medical inflation.

The agreement includes \$914,139,000 for Purchased/Referred Care, which is an increase of \$35,564,000 above the fiscal year 2014 enacted level. Additional dollars in support of Purchased/Referred Care remains a top priority for Tribes.

The agreement includes a transfer of \$4,876,000 in loan repayment funds from Hospitals and Health Clinics to Indian Health Professions. In addition, there is a \$5,000,000 program increase above the budget request for loan repayments.

The agreement includes \$62,324,000 for the staffing of newly opened health facilities. Funds for the staffing of new facilities are limited to facilities funded through the Health Care Facilities Construction Priority System or the Joint Venture Construction Program that have opened in fiscal year 2014 or will open in fiscal year 2015. None of these funds may be allocated to a facility until such facility has achieved beneficial occupancy status.

The Service is encouraged to coordinate with the Bureau of Indian Education to establish a pilot program integrating preventive dental care at schools within the Bureau system.

The Service is encouraged to work with Tribes and health care organizations to find creative ways to address the Service's health care provider shortage, including improvements to the credentialing process.

INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

The bill provides \$460,234,000 for Indian Health Facilities. In addition to the table at the end of this explanatory statement, the agreement includes the following instructions:

The agreement includes \$8,494,000 for the staffing of newly opened health facilities. The stipulations included in the 'Indian Health Services' account regarding the allocation of funds pertains to this account as well.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

The bill provides \$77,349,000 for the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences.

AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH

The bill provides \$74,691,000 for the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

The bill provides \$3,000,000 for the Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality.

CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$11,000,000 for the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board.

OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$7,341,000 for the Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation.

INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT PAYMENT TO THE INSTITUTE

The bill provides \$9,469,000 for the Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides a total of \$819,541,000 for all Smithsonian Institution accounts, of which \$675,343,000 is provided for salaries and expenses. The Committees maintain their longstanding commitment to the preservation of priceless, irreplaceable Smithsonian collections and have provided funds, as requested, for improving the stewardship of national collections. The Committees direct the Smithsonian to provide, within 90 days of enactment of this Act, a progress report on the multi-year effort to improve the stewardship of national collections including those within the National Museum of American History. The Committees support the Smithsonian Latino Center's goal of promoting the inclusion of Latino contributions in Smithsonian Institution programs, exhibitions, collections, and public outreach. The Committees continue to urge collaboration between the Smithsonian Latino Center and appropriate Federal and local organizations in order to advance these goals and expand the American Latino presence at the Institution. The Committees have not included requested funding for the Administration's Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) initiative believing that the administrative costs of implementing such a program are not sustainable and would divert scarce resources that could be applied to greater advantage among the Institution's existing programs. The Committees have received the report requested from the Smithsonian in the fiscal year 2014 joint explanatory statement describing the Asian Pacific American Center's current activities and future plans. The Committees support the Center's goal of developing a more robust program, both within the Institution and through external partnerships, which will promote a better understanding of the Asian Pacific American experience.

FACILITIES CAPITAL

The bill provides \$144,198,000 for the Facilities Capital account, of which \$24,010,000 is to complete the construction of the National Museum of African American History and Culture.

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$119,500,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account of the National Gallery of Art, of which not to exceed \$3,578,000 is for the special exhibition program.

REPAIR, RESTORATION AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

The bill provides \$19,000,000 for the Repair, Restoration and Renovation of Buildings account. This funding level includes the requested increase to address fire protection and life safety requirements in the East Building, which will allow the building to reopen to the public, as scheduled, in 2016.

JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

The bill provides \$22,000,000 for the Operations and Maintenance account.

CAPITAL REPAIR AND RESTORATION

The bill provides \$10,800,000 for the Capital Repair and Restoration account.

WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$10,500,000 for the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides \$146,021,000 for the National Endowment for the Arts (NEA). The Committees greatly value the longstanding collaborative relationship between the NEA and the States. The Committees commend the NEA for its work through its Healing Arts Partnerships with Walter Reed National Military Medical Center and Fort Belvoir Community Hospital to incorporate arts therapy into the treatment of active-duty military patients and their families. The Committees direct that priority be given to providing services and grant funding for projects, productions, or programs that encourage public knowledge, education, understanding, and appreciation of the arts. Any reduction in support to the States for arts education should be no more than proportional to other funding decreases taken in other NEA programs.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides \$146,021,000 for the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH). The Committees commend the NEH for its support of grant programs to benefit Wounded Warriors and to ensure educational opportunities for American heroes transitioning to civilian life. The Committees commend the NEH Federal/State partnership for its ongoing, successful collaboration with State humanities councils in each of the 50 States as well as Washington, DC, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa. The Committees urge the NEH to provide program funding to support the critical work of State humanities councils consistent with guidance provided in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$2,524,000 for the Commission of Fine Arts.

NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

The bill provides \$2,000,000 for the National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs program.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$6,204,000 for the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$7,948,000 for the National Capital Planning Commission.

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM

The bill provides \$52,385,000 for the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$1,000,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account. The Committees understand that the Eisenhower Memorial Commission is continuing to meet with the Commission of Fine Arts and the National Capital Planning Commission in an effort to refine the Eisenhower Memorial's design and obtain final agency approvals that are required before construction can begin. Less clear, however, is whether the concerns of the Eisenhower family and Congress regarding the Memorial design have been addressed satisfactorily in the revisions that have been proposed. This remains an area of significant concern for the Committees that must be resolved before the project plans are finalized and ground is broken. Resolution of any outstanding disagreements is in the best interest of all involved in this effort and the Committees hope this can be done expeditiously. No funds have been appropriated to the "Construction" account for fiscal year 2015 because of ongoing delays in the planning and approval process. The agreement includes in Section 423 of Title IV General Provisions bill language contained in the Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2015 (PL 113-164).

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes various legislative provisions in Title IV of the bill. The provisions are: Section 401 continues a provision providing that appropriations available in the bill shall not be used to produce literature or otherwise promote public support of a legislative proposal on which legislative action is not complete.

Section 402 continues a provision providing for annual appropriations unless expressly provided otherwise in this Act.

Section 403 continues a provision providing restrictions on departmental assessments unless approved by the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 404 continues a limitation on accepting and processing applications for patents and on the patenting of Federal lands.

Section 405 continues a provision regarding the payment of contract support costs.

Section 406 addresses the payment of contract support costs for fiscal year 2014.

Section 407 addresses the payment of contract support costs for fiscal year 2015.

Section 408 continues a provision providing that the Secretary of Agriculture shall not be considered in violation of certain provisions of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act solely because more than 15 years have passed without revision of a forest plan, provided that the

Secretary is working in good faith to complete the plan revision.

Section 409 continues a provision limiting preleasing, leasing, and related activities within the boundaries of National Monuments.

Section 410 restricts funding appropriated for acquisition of land or interests in land from being used for declarations of taking or complaints in condemnation.

Section 411 continues a provision addressing timber sales involving Alaska western red and yellow cedar.

Section 412 continues a provision which prohibits no-bid contracts.

Section 413 continues a provision which requires public disclosure of certain reports.

Section 414 continues a provision which delineates the grant guidelines for the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 415 continues a provision which delineates the program priorities for the programs managed by the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 416 adjusts existing statutory caps for international and domestic arts exhibition indemnity agreements under the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act.

Section 417 requires the Department of the Interior, Environmental Protection Agency, Forest Service and Indian Health Service to provide the Committees on Appropriations quarterly reports on the status of balances of appropriations.

Section 418 requires the President to submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations no later than 120 days after submission of the fiscal year 2016 budget request describing Federal agency obligations and expenditures for climate change programs in fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

Section 419 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to promulgate or implement any regulation requiring the issuance of permits under Title V of the Clean Air Act for carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, water vapor, or methane emissions.

Section 420 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to implement any provision in a rule if that provision requires mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems.

Section 421 extends the authorization for American Battlefield Protection program grants.

Section 422 provides an extension of the current recreation fee authority.

Section 423 continues a provision modifying authorities relating to the Dwight D. Eisenhower Memorial Commission.

Section 424 sets requirements for the use of American iron and steel for certain loans and grants. Section 425 prohibits the use of funds to regulate the lead content of ammunition or fishing tackle.

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT					
Management of Lands and Resources					
Land Resources:					
Soil, water and air management	42,939	45,352	43,239	+300	-2.113
Rangeland management.	79,000	74,928	79,000	•••	+4,072
Grazing administration management		6,500		•••	-6,500
Grazing administration management offsetting					
collections		-6,500			+6,500
Forestry management	9,838	9,929	9,838		- 91
Riparian management	21,321	23,000	21,321	• • •	-1,679
Cultural resources management	15,131	16,000	15,131	·	-869
Wild horse and burro management	77,245	80,238	77,245		-2,993
 Subtotal	245,474	249,447	245,774	+300	-3,673
Wildlife and Fisheries:					
Wildlife management	52,338	52,589	52,338		-251
Fisheries management	12,530	12,626	12,530		- 96
 Subtotal	64,868	65,215	64,868		-347

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
	•••••				
Threatened and endangered species	21,458	21,636	21,458		-178
Recreation Management:					
Wilderness management	18,264	18,435	18,264		-171
Recreation resources management	48 697	50,022	48,697		-1,325
 Subtotal	66,961	68,457	66,961		-1,496
Energy and Minerals:					
Oil and gas management	80,877	53,183	53,183	-27.694	
Oil and gas permit processing fund	32,500	32,500	32,500	-27,004	
Oil and gas inspection and enforcement		48,000	41,126	+41,126	-6,874
 Subtotal, Oil and gas/permit processing fund	113,377	133,683	126,809	+13,432	-6,874
Oil and gas offsetting permit processing fees	-32,500	-32,500	-32,500		
Inspection and enforcement offsetting collections		-48,000	-52,550		+48,000
 Subtotal, offsetting collections	-32,500	-80,500	-32,500		+48,000
Coal management	9,595	9.680	9.595		-85
Other mineral resources	10,586	10.684	10.586		-98
Renewable energy	29,061	29,232	29,061		-171
 Subtotal, Energy and Minerals	130,119	102,779	143,551	+13,432	+40,772

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Poolty and Auropoint Management:					
Realty and Ownership Management: Alaska conveyance	22,000	19,000	22,000		+3.000
Cadastral survey	11,276	19,000	22,000	-11.276	+3,000
Land and realty management	34,382			-34,382	
Cadastral, lands, and realty management		51,082	45,658	+45,658	-5,424
- Subtotal	67,658	70,082	67,658		-2,424
Resource Protection and Maintenance:					
Resource management planning	37,125	42,399	38,125	+1,000	-4,274
Abandoned mine lands	16,687	19,583	16,987	+300	-2,596
Resource protection and law enforcement	25,325	25,657	25,325	•	-332
Hazardous materials management	15,612	15,718	15,612		-106
- Subtotal	94,749	103,357	96,049	+1,300	-7,308
Transportation and Facilities Maintenance:					
Annual maintenance	38,637	39,447	38,637		-810
Deferred maintenance	26,995	31,304	26,995		-4,309
- Subtotal	65,632	70,751	65,632		-5,119
Workforce and Organizational Support:					
Administrative support	47,127	47,931	47,127		-804
Bureauwide fixed costs	92,901	91,010	91,010	-1,891	
Information technology management	25,696	25,841	25,696		-145
- Subtotal	165,724	164,782	163,833	-1,891	-949

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	FY 2014	FY 2015	Final	Final Bill	Final Bill
	Enacted	Request	Bill	vs FY 2014	vs Request
Challenge cost share	2,413	3,579	2,413		-1,166
National landscape conservation system, base program.	31,819	34,000	31,819		-2,181
Communication site management	2,000	2,000	2,000		
Offsetting collections	-2,000	-2,000	-2,000	•••	
Subtotal, Management of lands and resources	956,875	954,085	970,016	+13,141	+15,931
Mining Law Administration:					
Administration	39,696	39,696	39,696		
Offsetting collections	-58,000	-57,000	-57,000	+1 , 000	
 Subtotal, Mining Law Administration	-18,304	-17,304	-17,304	+1,000	
Total, Management of Lands and Resources	938,571	936,781	952,712	+14,141	+15,931
Land Acquisition					
Land Acquisition	15,949	19,480	14,226	-1,723	-5,254
Inholding, emergency, and hardship	1,616	1,616	1,616		
Acquisition management	1,898	1,904	1,904	+6	
Sportsmen/Recreational access		2,000	2,000	+2,000	
 Total, Land acquisition	19,463	25,000	19,746	+283	-5,254
Oregon and California Grant Lands					
Western Öregon resources management	101,423	91,603	101,423		+9,820
Western Oregon information and resource data systems	1,923	1,772	1,772	-151	

FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
10,063	9,517	9,517	-546	
7 4 8	753	753	+2 +5	•••
114,467	103,957	113,777	-690	+9,820
10,000	10,000	10,000		+
32,465 -32,465	32,465 -32,465	32,465 -32,465		
••••				
24,000	24,000	24,000		
1,106,501	1,099,738	1,120,235	+13,734	+20,497
(34,000) (1,072,501)	(34,000) (1,065,738)	(34,000) (1,086,235)	(+13,734)	(+20,497)
	Enacted 10,063 310 748 114,467 10,000 32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -24,000 24,000 1,106,501 (34,000)	Enacted Request 10,063 9,517 310 312 748 753 114,467 103,957 10,000 10,000 32,465 32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -10,000 24,000 24,000 24,000 1,106,501 1,099,738 (34,000) (34,000)	Enacted Request Bill 10,063 9,517 9,517 310 312 312 748 753 753 114,467 103,957 113,777 10,000 10,000 10,000 32,465 32,465 32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 24,000 24,000 24,000 1,106,501 1,099,738 1,120,235 (34,000) (34,000) (34,000)	Enacted Request Bill vs FY 2014 10,063 9,517 9,517 -546 310 312 312 +2 748 753 753 +5 114,467 103,957 113,777 -690 10,000 10,000 10,000 32,465 32,465 32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -32,465 -24,000 24,000 24,000 1,106,501 1,099,738 1,120,235 +13,734 (34,000) (34,000) (34,000)

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE					
Resource Management					
Ecological Services: Endangered species:					
Candidate conservation	11,530		12,030	+500	+12,030
Listing and critical habitat	20,515	· · ·	20,515		+20,515
Consultation and HCPs	61,550	· · ·	62,550	+1,000	+62,550
Recovery	76,916		77,916	+1,000	+77,916
- Subtotal	170,511	····· ·	173,011	+2,500	+173,011
Habitat conservation:					
Partners for fish and wildlife	51,776	·	51.776	•	+51.776
Conservation planning assistance	32,014		33,014	+1,000	+33,014
Coastal programs	13,184		13,184	, 	+13,184
National wetlands inventory	4,361	···-	4,861	+500	+4,861
-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Subtotal	101,335		102,835	+1,500	+102,835
Environmental contaminants	9,557		9,557		+9,557
Ecological Services:					
		22,779			-22.779
Planning and consultation		105,173			-105,173

	FY 2014	FY 2014 FY 2015	Final	Final Bill	Final Bill vs Request
	Enacted	Request	Bill	vs FY 2014	
Conservation and restoration		124,253	••		-124,253
(National wetlands inventory),		(4,871)			(-4,871)
Subtotal		252,205			-252,205
Habitat conservation:					
Partners for fish and wildlife		52,066		•••	-52,066
Coastal programs		13,266	÷	•••	~13,266
Subtotal		65,332			-65,332
National Wildlife Refuge System:					
Wildlife and habitat management	229,843	232,441	230,343	+500	-2,098
Visitor services	70,319	70,868	70,319		-549
Refuge law enforcement	37,554	38,463	38,054	+500	-409
Conservation planning	2,988	2,608	2,988		+380
Refuge maintenance	131,498	132,020	132,498	+1,000	+478
Subtotal	472,202	476,400	474,202	+2,000	-2,198
Conservation and Enforcement:					
Migratory bird management	46,468	46,922	46,468		-454
Law enforcement	64,275	66,737	66,737	+2,462	
International affairs	13,506	14,599	14,506	+1,000	- 93
Science support	17,235		16,985	-250	+16,985
Subtotal	141,484	128,258	144,696	+3,212	+16,438

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Fick and Aquatic Concernation:					
Fish and Aquatic Conservation: National fish hatchery system operations	46,528	48.617	52,860	+6.332	+4.243
Maintenance and equipment	16,055	17.920	17,920	+1.865	
Aquatic habitat and species conservation	72,736	72,382	76,668	+3,932	+4,286
Subtotal	135,319	138,919	147,448	+12,129	+8,529
Cooperative landscape conservation	14,416	17,706	13,988	-428	-3,718
Science Support:					
Adaptive science		15,149		• • • •	-15,149
Service science		16,485			-16,485
Subtotal		31,634			-31,634
General Operations:					
Central office operations	40,186	41,279	39,985	-201	-1,294
Regional office operations	37,912	41,298	37,722	- 190	-3,576
Servicewide bill paying	36,430	35,227	35,227	-1,203	
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation	7,022	7,022	7,022		
National Conservation Training Center	21,965	24,720	21,965		-2,755
Subtotal	143,515	149,546	141,921	-1,594	-7,625
Total, Resource Management	1,188,339	1,260,000	1,207,658	+19,319	-52,342

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Construction					
Construction and rehabilitation:					
Line item construction projects	6,661	6,554	6,554	-107	
Bridge and dam safety programs	1,852	1,972	1,972	+120	
Nationwide engineering service	7,209	7,161	7,161	-48	
Total, Construction	15,722	15,687	15,687	-35	
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions	35,071	35,071	25,071	-10,000	-10,000
Inholdings/emergencies and hardships	7,351	5,351	5,351	-2,000	
Exchanges	1,500	1,500	1,500		
Acquisition management	10,500	12,613	12,613	+2,113	
Land protection planning		465			-465
Highlands Conservation Act Grants (CT, NJ, NY, PA)	•		3,000	+3,000	+3,000
Total, Land Acquisition	54,422	55,000	47,535	-6,887	-7,465
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund					
Grants and administration:					
Conservation grants	10,508	10,508	10,508		
HCP assistance grants	9,485	7,390	9,485		+2,095
Administration	2,702	3,002	2,702		-300
Subtotal	22,695	20,900	22,695		+1,795

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Land acquisition: Species recovery land acquisition	9,462 17,938	11,162 17,938	9, 4 62 17,938		-1,700
Subtotal	27,400	29,100	27,400		-1,700
Total, Cooperatiave Endangered Species Conservation Fund	50,095	50,000	50,095		+95
National Wildlife Refuge Fund					
Payments in lieu of taxes	13,228		13,228		+13,228
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund					
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund	34,145	34,145	34,145		
Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation					
Migratory bird grants	3,660	3,660	3,660		
Multinational Species Conservation Fund					
African elephant conservation fund Rhinoceros and tiger conservation fund	1,582 2,440	1,582 2,440	1,582 2,440		

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	
Asian elephant conservation fund	1,557	1,557	1,557		
Great ape conservation fund Marine turtle conservation fund	1,975 1,507	1,975 1,507	1,975 1,507		
Total, Multinational Species Conservation Fund.	9,061	9,061	9,061		
State and Tribal Wildlife Grants					
State wildlife grants (formula) State wildlife grants (competitive)	49,124 5,487	41,000 5,000	49,124 5,487		+8,124 +487
Tribal wildlife grants	4,084	4,000	4,084		+84
Total, State and tribal wildlife grants	58,695	50,000	58,695		+8,695
Landowner Incentive Program					
Rescission of prior year balances		-1,327			+1,327
Private Stewardship Grants					
Rescission of prior year balances		-24 ===========		 	+24
TOTAL, U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE		1,476,202	1,439,764 ========	+12,397	- 36 , 438

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE					
Operation of the National Park System					
Park Management:					
Resource stewardship	329,683	331,858	331,858	+2,175	
Visitor services	237,763	248,192	248,192	+10,429	
Park protection	356,665	361,708	361,708	+5,043	
Facility operations and maintenance	679,904	702,676	697,5 9 7	+17,693	-5,079
Park support	454,938	459,414	456,414	+1,476	-3,000
Subtotal	2,058,953	2,103,848	2,095,769	+36,816	-8,079
External administrative costs	177,800	180,004	180,004	+2,204	
Total, Operation of the National Park System	2,236,753	2,283,852	2,275,773	+39,020	-8,079
National Recreation and Preservation					
Recreation programs	584	589	589	+5	
Natural programs	13,456	13,560	13,560	+104	
Cultural programs	24,662	24,562	24,562	-100	
International park affairs	1,636	1,648	1,648	+12	
Environmental and compliance review	430	433	433	+3	
Grant administration	1,738	2,004	2,004	+266	
Heritage Partnership Programs	18,289	9,202	20,321	+2,032	+11,119
Total, National Recreation and Preservation	60,795	51,998	63,117	+2,322	+11,119

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Historic Preservation Fund					
State historic preservation offices	47,425 (500)	46,925	46,925 	-500 (-500)	
Tribal grants Grants to underserved communities	8,985	8,985 500	8,985 500	+500	
 Total, Historic Preservation Fund	56,410	56,410	56,410		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Construction					
General Program: Line item construction and maintenance Emergency and unscheduled Housing Dam safety Equipment replacement Planning, construction Construction program management	60,563 3,855 2,200 1,248 13,500 7,265 37,082	61,678 3,855 2,200 1,248 13,500 7,266 36,771	61,678 3,855 2,200 1,248 13,500 7,266 36,771	+1,115 +1 -311	
General management plans	11,748	11,821	11,821	+73	
Total, Construction	137,461	138,339	138,339	+878	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Land and Water Conservation Fund (rescission of					
contract authority)	-28,000	- 30 , 000	-28,000		+2,000
Land Acquisition and State Assistance					
Assistance to States:					
State conservation grants (formula)	42,000	42,000	42,000		
State conservation grants (competitive)	3,000	3,000	3,000		
Administrative expenses	3,090	3,117	3,117	+27	
 Subtotal	48,090	48,117	48,117	+27	
National Park Service:					
Acquisitions	22,067	28,985	23,475	+1,408	-5,510
American Battlefield Protection Program	8,986	8,516	8,986		+470
Emergencies and hardships	3,093	3,928	3,928	+835	
Acquisition management	9,500	9,526	9,526	+26	
Inholdings, donations, and exchanges	6,364	4,928	4,928	-1,436	
 Subtotal	50,010	55,883	50,843	+833	-5,040
 Total, Land Acquisition and State Assistance	98,100	104,000	98,960	+860	-5,040

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Centennial Challenge		10,000	10,000	+10,000	
TOTAL, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	• •	2,614,599	2,614,599 =======	+53,080	
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY					
Surveys, Investigations, and Research					
Ecosystems:					
Status and trends	20,473	20,917	20,473		-444
Fisheries: Aquatic and endangered resources	20,886	22,257	20,886		-1,371
Wildlife: Terrestrial and endangered resources	44,757	45,123	45,257	+500	+134
Terrestrial, Freshwater and marine environments	36,244	37,538	36,224	- 20	-1,314
Invasive species	13,080	17,639	16,830	+3,750	-809
Cooperative research units	17,371	18,551	17,371		-1,180
Total, Ecosystems	152,811	162,025	157,041	+4,230	-4,984
Climate and Land Use Change:					
Climate variability:					
Climate science centers	23,735	35,335	26,735	+3,000	-8,600
Climate research and development	20,495	25,249	21,495	+1,000	-3,754
Carbon sequestration	9,359	11,390	9,359		-2,031
Subtotal	53,589	71,974	57,589	+4,000	-14,385

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			••••
Land Use Change:					
Land remote sensing	67,894	66,539	67,894		+1,355
Land change science	10,492	10,568	10,492		-76
- Subtotal	78,386	77,107	78,386		+1,279
- Total, Climate and Land Use Change	131,975	149,081	135,975	+4,000	-13,106
Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health:					
Minerals resources	45,931	46,345	45,931		-414
Energy resources	25,970	26,902	24,895	-1,075	-2,007
Contaminant biology	9,647	12,000	10,197	+550	-1,803
Toxic substances hydrology	9,967	13,826	11,248	+1,281	-2,578
Total, Energy, Minerals, and Env Health	91,515	99,073	92,271	+756	-6,802
Natural Hazards:					
Earthquake hazards	53,803	54,117	59,503	+5,700	+5,386
Volcano hazards	23,121	23,308	25,121	+2,000	+1,813
Landslide hazards	3,485	3,511	3,485		- 26
Global seismographic network	4,853	4,866	4,853		- 13
Geomagnetism	1,888	1,905	1,888		- 17
Coastal and marine geology	41,336	40,632	40,336	-1,000	-296
- Total, Natural Hazards	128,486	128,339	135,186	+6,700	+6,847

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		••••••
Water Resources:					
Groundwater resources	8,948	11,429	11,348	+2,400	- 81
National water quality assessment	58,859	59,090	59,459	+600	+369
National streamflow information program	33,701	35,060	34,901	+1,200	-159
Hydrologic research and development	10,915	11,323	11,215	+300	-108
Hydrologic networks and analysis	28,884	30,423	30,134	+1,250	- 289
Cooperative Water Program	59,474	59,561	57,710	-1,764	-1,851
Water Resources Research Act Program	6,500	3,500	6,500		+3,000
- Total, Water Resources	207 , 281	210,386	211,267	+3,986	+881
Core Science Systems:					
Science, synthesis, analysis, and research	24,314	24,439	24,299	- 15	-140
National cooperative geological mapping	24,397	24,533	24,397		-136
National Geospatial Program	60,096	60,428	58,532	-1,564	-1,896
- Total, Core Science Systems	108,807	109,400	107,228	-1,579	-2,172
Science Support:					
Administration and Management	86,985	86,392	84,192	-2.793	-2.200
Information Services	23,719	21,875	21,419	-2,300	-456
Total, Science Support	110,704	108,267	105,611	-5,093	-2,656
Facilities:					
Rental payments and operations & maintenance	93,141	99,417	93,141		-6,276

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Final Bill vs FY 2014	
Deferred maintenance and capital improvement	7,280	7,280	7,280		
Total, Facilities		106,697	100,421	 ==== ==== ======	-6,276
TOTAL, UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY		1,073,268 ==========		+13,000	
BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT					
Ocean Energy Management					
Renewable energy Conventional energy Environmental assessment General support services Executive direction	23,656 49,441 63,218 14,320 16,256	23,104 49,633 65,712 15,002 16,319	23,104 49,633 65,712 15,002 16,319	-552 +192 +2,494 +682 +63	
Subtotal	166,891	169,770	169,770	+2,879	
Offsetting rental receipts Cost recovery fees	-95,162 -2,729	-94,868 -2,480	-94,868 -2,480	+294 +249	
Subtotal, offsetting collections		-97,348	-97,348	+543	
TOTAL, BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT		72,422	72,422	+3,422	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT					
Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement					
Environmental enforcement Operations, safety and regulation Administrative operations General support services Executive direction	8,314 132,207 15,560 13,513 18,121	141,911 15,676 13,912 18,227	8,314 133,597 15,676 13,912 18,227	+1,390 +116 +399 +106	+8,314 -8,314
Subtotal	187,715	189,726	189,726	+2,011	
Offsetting rental receipts Inspection fees Cost recovery fees	-50,568 -65,000 -8,402	-50,412 -65,000 -8,167	-50,412 -65,000 -8,167	+156 +235	
Subtotal, offsetting collections	-123,970	-123,579	-123,579	+391	
Total. Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement	63,745	66,147	66,147	+2,402	•••
Oil Spill Research					
Oil spill research	14,899	14,899	14,899		
TOTAL, BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT	78,644	81,046	81,046	+2,402	
	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
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OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT					
Regulation and Technology					
Environmental protection Permit fees Offsetting collections Technology development and transfer Financial management Executive direction Civil penalties (indefinite)	91,832 40 -40 14,455 505 15,921 100 122,813	81,191 1,900 -1,900 18,009 707 16,203 100 116,210	91,832 40 -40 14,455 505 15,921 100 122,813	···· ··· ··· ···	+10,641 -1,860 +1,860 -3,554 -202 -282 +6,603
Civil penalties (offsetting collections)	-100	-100	-100		
 Total, Regulation and Technology	122,713	116,110	122,713		+6,603
Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund					
Environmental restoration Technology development and transfer Financial management	9,480 3,544 6,396	9,853 4,269 6,448	9,480 3,544 6,396		-373 -725 -52

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
xecutive direction	7,979	8,125	7,979		-146
Total, Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund	27,399	28,695	27,399		-1,296
TOTAL, OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT==	150,112	144,805	150,112		+5,307
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION					
Operation of Indian Programs					
Tribal Budget System					
ribal Government:					
Aid to tribal government	25,839	24,614	24,614	-1,225	
Consolidated tribal government program	74,623	76,348	76,348	+1,725	
Self governance compacts	152,881	158,767	158,767	+5,886	
Contract support	242,000	246,000	246,000	+4,000	
Indian self determination fund	5,000	5,000	5,000	•	
New tribes	463	463	463		
Small and needy tribes	1,845	1,845	1,845	•	
Road maintenance	24,303	24,461	26,461	+2,158	+2,000
Tribal government program oversight	8,128	8,181	8,181	+53	
 Subtotal	535,082	545,679	547,679	+12,597	+2,000

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Human Services:					
Social services	35,763	40,871	40,871	+5,108	
Welfare assistance	74,809	74,809	74,809		
Indian child welfare act	10,710	15,433	15,433	+4,723	
Housing improvement program	8,000	8,009	8,009	+9	
Human services tribal design	411	407	407	- 4	
Human services program oversight	3,085	3,105	3,105	+20	• • •
Subtotal	132,778	142,634	142,634	+9,856	
Trust - Natural Resources Management:					
Natural resources, general	5,165	5,089	5,089	-76	
Irrigation operations and maintenance	11,342	11,359	11,359	+17	
Rights protection implementation	35,297	35,420	35,420	+123	
Tribal management/development program	9,230	9,244	9,244	+14	
Endangered species	2,673	2,675	2,675	+2	
Cooperative landscape conservation	9,947	9,948	9,948	+1	
Integrated resource information program	1,996	3,996	2,996	+1,000	-1,000
Agriculture and range	30,558	30,494	30,494	-64	
Forestry	47,735	45,895	47,735		+1,840
Water resources	10,543	10,297	10,297	-246	
Fish, wildlife and parks	13,823	13,577	13,577	-246	
Resource management program oversight	5,986	6,018	6,018	+32	
Subtotal	184,295	184,012	184,852	+557	+840

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Trust - Real Estate Services	126,758	127,002	127,002	+244	
Education:					
Elementary and secondary programs (forward funded) (Tribal grant support costs) Post secondary programs (forward funded)	518,318 (48,253) 69,793	520,755 (48,253) 69,793	536,897 (62,395) 69,793	+18,579 (+14,142) 	+16,142 (+14,142)
 Subtotal, forward funded education	588,111	590,548	606,690	+18,579	+16,142
Elementary and secondary programs Post secondary programs Education management	118,402 61,887 20,354	119,195 64,182 20,464	119,195 64,182 20,464	+793 +2,295 +110	
 Subtotal, Education	788,754	794,389	810,531	+21,777	+16,142
Public Safety and Justice:		007 000	000.000		. 4 . 000
Law enforcement Tribal courts Fire protection	325,696 23,241 1,077	327,296 23,280 1,274	328,296 23,280 1,274	+2,600 +39 +197	+1,000
 Subtotal	350,01 4	351,850	352,850	+2,836	+1,000
Community and economic development Executive direction and administrative services (housing improvement, road maint, etc. in bill lang)	35,300 225,782 (46,361)	35,996 229,755 (46,553)	35,996 227,692 (48,553)	+696 +1,910 (+2,192)	-2,063 (+2,000)

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	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Indian Arts and Crafts Board		1,279	•••		-1,279
- Total, Operation of Indian Programs	2,378,763	2,412,596	2,429,236	+50,473	+16,640
Construction					
Education	55,285	55,533	74,501	+19,216	+18,968
Public safety and justice	11,306	11,306	11,306		
Resources management	32,759	34,427	34,427	+1,668	
General administration	10,774	8,642	8,642	-2,132	
- Total, Construction	110,124	109,908	128,876	+18,752	+18,968
Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians					
White Earth Land Settlement Act (Admin) (P.L.99-264)	625	625	625		
Hoopa-Yurok Settlement Fund (P.L.96-420)(P.L.100-580).	250	250	250		
Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement (P.L.101-618)	142	142	142		
Navajo Water Resources Development Trust Fund					
(P.L.111-11)	6,000	4,000	4,000	-2,000	
Navajo Gallup Water Settlement (P.L.111-11)	7,782	9,000	9,000	+1,218	
Duck Valley Water Rights Settlement (P.L.111-11)	12,044			-12,044	
Taos Pueblo Water Rights Settlement (P.L.111~291)	8,812	15,392	15,392	+6,580	
Aamodt Settlement (P.L.111-291)		6,246	6,246	+6,246	
- Total, Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians	35,655	35,655	35,655		

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account					
Indian guaranteed loan program account	6,731	6,731	7,731	+1,000	+1,000
TOTAL, BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND INDIAN EDUCATION	2,531,273	2,564,890	2,601,498	+70,225	+36,608
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES					
Office of the Secretary					
Leadership and administration Management services Office of Natural Resources Revenue	123,053 21,564 119,383	122,885 19,468 122,919	122,885 20,747 121,631	- 168 - 817 +2 , 248	+1,279 -1,288
Total, Office of the Secretary	264,000	265,272	265,263	+1,263	-9
Insular Affairs					
Assistance to Territories					
Territorial Assistance Office of Insular Affairs Technical assistance Maintenance assistance fund Brown tree snake	9,448 14,504 1,081 3,500	9,779 17,504 2,857 3,000	9,448 14,504 1,081 3,500		-331 -3,000 -1,776 +500

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Coral reef initiative	1.000	1.000	1.000		
Empowering Insular Communities	2,971	2,971	2,971		
Compact impact	3,000	1,344	3,000		+1,656
- Subtotal, Territorial Assistance	35,504	38,455	35,504		-2,951
American Samoa operations grants	22,752	22,752	22,752		
Northern Marianas covenant grants	27,720	27,720	27,720		
- Total. Assistance to Territories	85.976	88.927	85,976		-2,951
(discretionary)	(58,256)	(61,207)	(58,256)		(-2,951)
(mandatory)	(27,720)	(27,720)	(27,720)		(2,001)
Compact of Free Association					
Compact of Free Association - Federal services	2,818	2,818	2,818		
Enewetak support	500	500	500	••-	
Compact payments, Palau	13,147		13,147		+13,147
Total, Compact of Free Association	16,465	3,318	16,465	······································	+13,147
- Total, Insular Affairs	102,441	92,245	102,441		+10,196
(discretionary)	(74,721)	(64,525)	(74,721)		(+10,196)
(mandatory)	(27,720)	(27,720)	(27,720)		
Office of the Solicitor					
Legal services	59,658	59,091	59,091	-567	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
General administration	4,647 1,495	4,971 1,738	4,971 1,738	+324 +243	
Total, Office of the Solicitor	65,800	65,800	65,800		
Office of Inspector General					
Audit and investigations Administrative services and information management	36,883 13,948	37,538 12,509	37,538 12,509	+655 -1,439	
Total, Office of Inspector General	50,831	50,047	50,047	-784	
Office of Special Trustee for American Indians					
Federal Trust Programs					
Program operations, support, and improvements (Office of Historical Accounting) Executive direction	137,651 (23,045) 2,026	136,998 (23,061) 2,031	136,998 (23,061) 2,031	-653 (+16) +5	
Total, Office of Special Trustee for American Indians	139,677	139,029	139,029	-648	····
TOTAL, DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES (Discretionary)	622,749 (595,029) (27,720)	612,393 (584,673) (27,720)	622,580 (594,860) (27,720)	-169 (-169) 	+10,187 (+10,187)

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS					
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire Operations:					
Preparedness	281,928	318,970	318,970	+37,042	
Fire suppression operations	285,878	268,560	291,657	+5,779	+23,097
 Subtotal, Fire operations	567,806	587,530	610,627	+42,821	+23,097
Other Operations:					
Fuels Management	145,024	146,287	164,000	+18,976	+17,713
Resilient Landscapes		30,000			-30,000
Burned area rehabilitation	16,035	18,035	18,035	+2,000	
Fire facilities	6,127	6,127	6,127	•••	
Joint fire science	5,990	5,990	5,990		
 Subtotal, Other operations	173,176	206,439	194,152	+20,976	-12,287
 Subtotal, Wildland fire management	740,982	793,969	804,779	+63,797	+10,810
Additional suppression funding (P.L. 113-46)	36,000			-36,000	
Rescission of unobligated balances	-7,500			+7,500	
 Total, Wildland fire management	769,482	793,969	804,779	+35,297	+10,810

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Account					
FLAME wildfire suppression reserve account	92,000		92,000		+92,000
- Total, all wildland fire accounts	861,482	793,969	896,779	+35,297	+102,810
Suppression Cap Adjustment		240,440			-240,440
- Total, Wildland Fire Management with cap adjustment	861,482	1,034,409	896,779	+35,297	-137,630
Central Hazardous Materials Fund					
Central hazardous materials fund	9,598	10,010	10,010	+412	
Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund					
Damage assessments Program management Restoration support Oil Spill Preparedness	3,157 1,935 1,171	2,500 2,192 2,075 1,000	2,500 2,192 2,075 1,000	-657 +257 +904 +1,000	
- Total, Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund	6,263	7,767	7,767	+1,504	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Working Capital Fund	57,000	64,307	57,100	+100	-7,207
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS Appropriations Disaster Relief cap adjustment	934,343 (941,843) 	, ,	971,656 (971,656)	+37,313 (+29,813) 	-144,837 (+95,603) (-240,440)
GENERAL PROVISIONS					
State royalty administrative cost deduction	-39,000 ==========			+39,000 =============	
TOTAL, TITLE I, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Appropriations Rescissions Rescissions of contract authority (Mandatory) (Discretionary without cap adjustment) (Disaster Relief cap adjustment)	(10,510,008) (-7,500) (-28,000) (61,720) (10,412,788)	(-1,351) (-30,000) (61,720)	10,718,912 (10,746,912) (-28,000) (61,720) (10,657,192) 	+244,404 (+236,904) (+7,500) (+244,404) 	-136,944 (-140,295) (+1,351) (+2,000) (+103,496) (-240,440)
TITLE II - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY					
Science and Technology					
Clean Air and Climate (Climate protection program)	120,429 (8,313)	118,486 (8,018)	•	-3,888 (-295)	-1,9 4 5

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Enforcement	14.125	14,149	13.669	-456	-480
Homeland security	38,360	39,443	37.122	-1.238	-2.321
Indoor air and Radiation	6,449	6,098	5.997	-452	-101
IT / Data management / Security	3,525	3,089	3,089	-436	
Operations and administration.	70,370	75,824	68,339	-2,031	-7,485
Pesticide licensing	6,228	6,225	6,027	-201	-198
Research: Air, climate and energy	94,972	101,942	91,906	-3,066	-10,036
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability	130,832	136,509	126.930	-3.902	-9.579
(Research: Computational toxicology)	(21,409)	(28,626)	(21,409)		(-7,217)
(Research: Endocrine disruptor)	(16,253)	(15,677)	(16,253)		(+576)
Research: National priorities	4,234		4,100	-134	+4,100
Research: Safe and sustainable water resources	111,018	114,175	107,434	-3,584	-6,741
Research: Sustainable and healthy communities	154,978	144,144	149,975	-5,003	+5,831
Water: Human health protection	3,636	3,688	3,519	-117	-169
Total, Science and Technology	759,156	763,772	734,648	-24,508	-29,124
(by transfer from Superfund)	(19,216)	(18,850)	(18,850)	(-366)	·
Environmental Programs and Management					
Brownfields	26,002	28,280	25,593	-409	-2,687
Clean air and climate (Climate protection program)	277,491 (95,436)	305,718 (103,996)	273,108 (95,436)	-4,383	-32,610 (-8,560)

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Compliance	103,297	118,892	101,665	-1,632	-17,227
Enforcement	244,499 (6,737)	257,303 (7,936)	240,637 (6,737)	-3,862	-16,666 (-1,199)
Environmental protection: National priorities	12,700		12,700		+12,700
Geographic programs: Great Lakes Restoration Initiative Chesapeake Bay San Franciso Bay Puget Sound Long Island Sound Gulf of Mexico South Florida Lake Champlain. Lake Pontchartrain. Southern New England Estuaries. Other geographic activities.	300,000 70,000 4,819 25,000 3,940 4,482 1,704 1,399 948 2,000 1,445	275,000 73,098 4,763 25,011 2,893 3,804 1,402 1,399 948 5,000 962	300,000 73,000 4,819 28,000 3,940 4,482 1,704 4,399 948 5,000 1,445	+3,000 +3,000 +3,000 +3,000	+25,000 -98 +56 +2,989 +1,047 +678 +302 +3,000 +483
 Subtotal	415,737	394,280	427,737	+12,000	+33,457
Homeland security Indoor air and radiation	10,359 28,081	10,822 30,193	10,195 27,637	- 164 - 444	-627 -2,556

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Information exchange / Outreach	128,569	152,830	126,538	-2,031	-26,292
Agency coordination)	(6,548) (8,702)	(8,077)	(6,548) (8,702)		(-1,529) (+8,702)
International programs IT / Data management / Security	15,647 91,989	16,677 93,397	15,400 90,536	-247 -1,453	-1,277 -2,861
Legal/science/regulatory/economic review Operations and administration	113,202 480,482	122,096 506,293	90,330 111,414 482,751	-1,433 -1,788 +2,269	-10,682 -23,542
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)	104,006	110,995 104,877	102,363	-1,643 -2,861	-8,632
Toxics risk review and prevention	93,826	96,204	92,521	-1,305	-3,683
(Endocrine disruptors)	(7,553)	(6,365)	(7,553)		(+1,188)
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST)	12,714	11,295	11,295	-1,419	••••
Water: Ecosystems:					
National estuary program / Coastal waterways Wetlands	25,098 21,065	26,723 24,220	26,723 21,065	+1,625	-3,155
Subtotal	46,163	50,943	47,788	+1,625	-3,155
Water: Human health protection	100,088 211,559	101,653 224,408	98,507	-1,581	-3,146
Water quality protection			210,417	-1,142	-13,991
Total, Environmental Programs and Management	2,624,149	2,737,156	2,613,679	- 10 , 470	-123,477

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund					
E-Manifest System Fund	3,674	10,423	3,674		-6,749
Office of Inspector General					
Audits, evaluations, and investigations	41,849 (9,939)	46,130 (11,064)	41,489 (9,939)	- 360 	-4,641 (-1,125)
Buildings and Facilities					
Homeland security: Protection of EPA personnel and infrastructure Operations and administration	6,676 27,791	7,875 45,632	6,676 35,641	+7,850	-1,199 -9,991
- Total, Buildings and Facilities	34,467	53,507	42,317	+7,850	-11,190
Hazardous Substance Superfund					
Audits, evaluations, and investigations Compliance Enforcement Homeland security Indoor air and radiation	9,939 998 175,518 38,067 1,991	11,064 1,083 170,855 36,867 2,044	9,939 995 166,375 36,362 1,985	-3 -9,143 -1,705 -6	-1,125 -88 -4,480 -505 -59

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Information exchange / Outreach	1.340	1.466	1,328	-12	-138
IT /data management/security	14.575	14,938	14,485	- 90	-453
Legal/science/regulatory/economic review	1,295	1.269	1,253	-42	- 16
Operations and administration	120,525	137,314	128,105	+7,580	-9,209
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability	3,040	2,843	2,843	-197	
Research: Sustainable communities	14,380	14,032	14,032	-348	
Superfund cleanup:					
Superfund: Emergency response and removal	177,826	186,987	181,3 0 6	+3,480	-5,681
Superfund: Emergency preparedness	8,150	7,636	7,636	-514	
Superfund: Federal facilities	21,125	24,805	21,125		-3,680
Superfund: Remedial	500,000	543,400	501,000	+1,000	-42,400
- Subtotal	707,101	762,828	711,067	+3,966	-51,761
- Total, Hazardous Substance Superfund	1,088,769	1,156,603	1,088,769		-67,834
(transfer out to Inspector General)	(-9,939)	(-11,064)	(-9,939)		(+1,125)
(transfer out to Science and Technology)	(-19,216)	(-18,850)	(-18,850)	(+366)	· · · ·
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund (LUST)					
Enforcement	746	639	620	-126	- 19
Operations and administration	1,550	1,377	1,352	-198	- 25
Research: Sustainable communities	320	405	320		- 85

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST) (LUST/UST) (LUST cooperative agreements) (Energy Policy Act grants)	91,950 (10,195) (56,126) (25,629)	95,501 (9,240) (57,402) (28,859)	89,649 (9,240) (55,040) (25,369)	-2,301 (-955) (-1,086) (-260)	-5,852 (-2,362) (-3,490)
- Total, Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund	94,566	97,922	91,941	-2,625	-5,981
Inland Oil Spill Program (formerly Oil Spill Response)					
Compliance. Enforcement. Oil. Operations and administration. Research: Sustainable communities.	139 2,413 14,409 584 664	147 2,514 20,489 498 485	139 2,413 14,409 584 664	 	-8 -101 -6,080 +86 +179
- Total, Inland Oil Spill Program State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG)	18,209	24,133	18,209		-5,924
Alaska Native villages Brownfields projects Clean water state revolving fund (SRF)	10,000 90,000 1,448,887	10,000 85,000 1,018,000	10,000 80,000 1,448,887	-10,000	-5,000 +430,887

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
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Diesel emissions grants	20.000		30,000	+10,000	+30.000
Drinking water state revolving fund (SRF)	906 896	757,000	906,896		+149.896
Mexico border	5,000	5,000	5,000		
Targeted airshed grants			10,000	+10,000	+10,000
- Subtotal, Infrastructure assistance grants	2,480,783	1,875,000	2,490,783	+10,000	+615,783
Categorical grants:					
Beaches protection	9,549		9,549		+9,549
Brownfields	47,745	47,745	47,745	•••	
Environmental information	9,646	25,664	9,646		-16,018
Hazardous waste financial assistance	99,693	99,604	99,693	•	+89
Lead	14,049	14,049	14,049		
Nonpoint source (Sec. 319)	159,252	164,915	159,252		-5,663
Pesticides enforcement	18,050	18,050	18,050		
Pesticides program implementation	12,701	12,701	12,701		
Pollution control (Sec. 106)	230,806	249,164	230,806		~18,358
(Water quality monitoring)	(17,848)	(18,500)	(17,848)		(-652)
Pollution prevention	4,765	4,765	4,765		· • • •
Public water system supervision	101,963	109,700	101,963		-7,737
Radon	8,051		8,051		+8,051
State and local air quality management	228,219	243,229	228,219		-15,010
Toxics substances compliance	4,919	4,919	4,919		
Tribal air quality management	12,829	12,829	12,829		
Tribal general assistance program	65,476	96,375	65,476		- 30 , 899

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Underground injection control (UIC)	10,506	10,506	10,506		
Underground storage tanks	1,498 14,661	1,498 14,661	1,498 14,661		
Subtotal, Categorical grants	1,054,378	1,130,374	1,054,378		-75,996
Total, State and Tribal Assistance Grants	3,535,161	3,005,374	3,545,161	+10,000	+539,787
Subtota), ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	8,200,000	7,895,020	8,179,887	-20,113	+284,867
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission		-5,000	-40,000	- 40 , 000	-35,000
	=========================		==================		
TOTAL, TITLE II, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	8,200,000	7,890,0 2 0	8,139,887	-60,113	+249,867
Appropriations	(8,200,000)	(7,895,020)	(8,179,887)	(-20,113)	(+284,867)
Rescissions		(-5,000)	(-40,000)	(-40,000)	(-35,000)
(By transfer)	(29,155) (-29,155)	(29,914) (-29,914)	(28,789) (-28,789)	(-366) (+366)	(-1,125) (+1,125)
				===============	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
TITLE III - RELATED AGENCIES					
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
FOREST SERVICE					
Forest and Rangeland Research					
Forest inventory and analysis Research and development programs	66 , 805 226 , 000	66,805 208,510	70,000 226,000	+3,195	+3,195 +17,490
- Total, Forest and rangeland research	292,805	275,315	296,000	+3,195	+20,685
State and Private Forestry					
Landscape scale restoration	14,000	23,513	14,000		-9,513
Forest Health Management:					
Federal lands forest health management Cooperative lands forest health management	58,922 45,655	58,922 45,655	58,922 45,655		
Subtotal	104,577	104,577	104,577		

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Cooperative Forestry:					
Forest stewardship	22,398	23,036	23,036	+638	
Forest legacy	50,965	53,000	53,000	+2,035	
Community forest and open space conservation	2,000	1,683	2,000		+317
Urban and community forestry	28,040	23,676	28,040		+4,364
Subtotal, Cooperative Forestry	103,403	101,395	106,076	+2,673	+4,681
International forestry	8,000		8,000		+8,000
Total, State and Private Forestry	229,980	229,485	232,653	+2,673	+3,168
National Forest System					
Integrated resource restoration		820,000			-820,000
Restoration Partnerships	2,000			-2,000	
Land management planning	37,754		37,754		+37,754
Inventory and monitoring	151,019		151,019		+151,019
Land management planning, assessment and monitoring		183,928		• • •	-183,928
Recreation, heritage and wilderness	261,719	259,090	261,719		+2,629
Grazing management	55,356	49,600	55,356		+5,756
Grazing permit administration fee		5,000			-5,000
Grazing permit fee offsetting collections		-5,000			+5,000
Forest products	339,130		339,130		+339,130
Vegetation and watershed management	184,716		184,716		+184,716
Wildlife and fish habitat management	140,466		140,466		+140,466

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Fund	40,000	60,000	40,000		-20,000
Minerals and geology management	76,423	70,566	76,423		+5,857
Landownership management	77,730	71,440	77,730		+6,290
Law enforcement operations	126,653	125,860	126,653		+793
Valles Caldera National Preserve	3,364	•••	3,364		+3,364
Total, National Forest System	1,496,330	1,640,484	1,494,330	-2,000	-146,154
Capital Improvement and Maintenance					
Facilities:					
Maintenance	59,000	55,369	55,369	-3,631	
Construction	12,000	16,231	16,231	+4,231	
Subtotal	71,000	71,600	71,600	+600	
Roads:					
Maintenance	143,454	129.360	143,454		+14,094
Construction	22,546	24,640	24,640	+2,094	-14,034
			24,040		
Subtotal	166,000	154,000	168,094	+2,094	+14,094
Trails:					
Maintenance	58,000	69,777	69,777	+11,777	
Construction	17,000	7,753	7,753	-9,247	
Subtotal	75,000	77,530	77,530	+2,530	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Deferred maintenance Legacy road and trail remediation	3,000 35,000	3,150	3,150 40,000	+150 +5,000	+40,000
 Subtotal, Capital improvement and maintenance	350,000	306,280	360,374	+10,374	+54,094
Deferral of road and trail fund payment	-17,000	-18,000	-17,000		+1,000
Total, Capital improvement and maintenance	333,000	288,280	343,374	+10,374	+55,094
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions Acquisition management Cash equalization Critical Inholdings/Cash Equalization/Recreational	31,300 7,500	41,000 7,500 500	36,000 7,500 500	+4,700 +500	-5,000
Access Priority recreational access Critical Inholdings	4,725	2,000	2,000 1,500	-4,725 +2,000 +1,500	+1,500
 Total, Land Acquisition	43,525	51,000	47,500	+3,975	-3,500
Acquisition of land for national forests, special acts Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges Range betterment fund Gifts, donations and bequests for forest and rangeland	912 217 3,000	950 216 2,320	950 216 2,320	+38 -1 -680	
research Management of national forest lands for subsistence	40	45	45	+5	
uses	2,500		2,500		+2,500

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire operations:					
Wildland fire preparedness	1,057,580	1.080.840	1,145,840	+88,260	+65,000
Wildland fire suppression operations	680,488	708,000	708,000	+27,512	
Additional suppression funding	600,000			-600,000	
- Subtotal, Fire operations	2,338,068	1,788,840	1,853,840	-484,228	+65,000
Other operations:					
Hazardous fuels	306,500	358,564	361,749	+55,249	+3,185
(Hazardous Fuels Base Program)	(296,500)	(343,564)	(346,749)	(+50,249)	(+3,185)
(Biomass Grants)	(10,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(+5,000)	
Fire plan research and development	19,795	19,795	19,795		
Joint fire sciences program	6,914	6,914	6,914		
State fire assistance	78,000	78,000	78,000		
Volunteer fire assistance	13,025	13,000	13,000	- 25	
- Subtotal, Other operations	424,234	476,273	479,458	+55,224	+3,185
- Subtotal, Wildland Fire Management	2,762,302	2,265,113	2,333,298	-429,004	+68,185
FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Account					
FLAME wildfire suppression reserve account	315,000		303,060	-11,940	+303,060
- Total, all wildland fire accounts	3,077,302	2,265,113	2,636,358	-440,944	+371,245

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Suppression cap adjustment		954,000			-954,000
Total, Wildland Fire Management with cap adjustment	3,077,302	3,219,113	2,636,358	-440,944	
Total, Forest Service without Wildland Fire Management		2,488,095		+17,579	
TOTAL, FOREST SERVICE Appropriations Disaster Relief cap adjustment	5,479,611 (5,479,611)	5,707,208	5,056,246 (5,056,246)	-423,365	-650,962 (+303,038) (-954,000)
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE					
Indian Health Services					
Clinical Services: Hospital and health clinics Dental health	165,290	175,654		+8,692	-1,672

		929,041		+35,564 	–
Alcohol and substance abuse Purchased/referred care	878,575	929,041	914,139	+35,564	-14,902
Mental health	77,980 186,378	82,025 193,824	81,145 190,981	+3,165 +4,603	-880 -2,843
			1101002		

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Preventive Health:					
Public health nursing	70,909	76,353	75,640	+4,731	-713
Health education	17,001	18,263	18,026	+1.025	-237
Community health representatives	58,345	59,386	58,469	+124	-917
Immunization (Alaska)	1,826	1,855	1,826		- 29
- Subtotal	148,081	155,857	153,961	+5,880	-1,896
Other services:					
Urban Indian health	40,729	41,375	43,604	+2,875	+2,229
Indian health professions	33,466	38,466	48,342	+14,876	+9,876
Tribal management grant program	1,442	2,442	2,442	+1,000	
Direct operations	67,894	68,065	68,065	+171	
Self-governance	4,727	5,727	5,727	+1,000	
Contract support costs	587,376	617,205	662,970	+75,594	+45,765
- Subtotal	735,634	773,280	831,150	+95,516	+57,870
- Total, Indian Health Services	3,982,842	4,172,182	4,182,147	+199,305	+9,965
Indian Health Facilities					
Maintenance and improvement	53,614	53,614	53,614	.	
Sanitation facilities construction	79,423	79,423	79,423		
Health care facilities construction	85,048	85,048	85,048		

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	
Facilities and environmental health support	,	220,585 23,325	219,612 22,537	+8,561	-973 -788
Total, Indian Health Facilities	•	461,995	460,234 ========	+8,561	-1,761
TOTAL, INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE	4,434,515	1 1	, ,	+207,866	+8,204
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH					
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences	77,349	77,349	77,349		
AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY					
Toxic substances and environmental public health		74,691			
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	4,586,555	4,786,217	4,794,421 ======	+207,866	+8,204
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES					
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT					
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	3,000	3,009	3,000		- 9

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD					
Salaries and expenses	11,000	12,253	11,000		-1,253
OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION					
Salaries and expenses	7,341	8,499	7,341		-1,158
INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT					
Payment to the Institute	9,369	11,469	9,469	+100	-2,000
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION					
Salaries and Expenses					
Museum and Research Institutes:National Air and Space MuseumSmithsonian Astrophysical ObservatoryMajor scientific instrumentationUniverse CenterNational Museum of Natural HistoryNational Zoological ParkSmithsonian Environmental Research CenterSmithsonian Tropical Research Institute	18,123 23,746 4,118 184 47,428 24,533 3,873 13,940	18,775 24,159 4,118 184 48,424 25,641 3,945 14,280	18,603 23,957 4,118 184 47,992 25,420 3,909 14,175	+480 +211 +564 +887 +36 +235	-172 -202 -432 -221 -36 -105

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Biodiversity Center	1 , 520	1,520	1,520	• • •	
Arthur M. Sackler Gallery/Freer Gallery of Art	6,019	6,107	6,049	+30	- 58
Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage	2,490	2,525	2,503	+13	- 22
Cooper-Hewitt, National Design Museum	4,710	4,787	4,755	+45	- 32
Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden	4,270	4,342	4,301	+31	- 4 1
National Museum of African Art	4,209	4,266	4,227	+18	-39
World Cultures Center	284	284	284		
Anacostia Community Museum	2,079	2,112	2,093	+14	-19
Archives of American Art	1,844	1,877	1,859	+15	-18
National Museum of African American History and					
Culture	34,162	43,969	40,648	+6,486	-3,321
National Museum of American History	22,433	23,051	22,840	+407	-211
National Museum of the American Indian	31,293	31,745	31,444	+151	-301
National Portrait Gallery	5,943	6,051	5,997	+54	- 54
Smithsonian American Art Museum	9,391	9,562	9,474	+83	-88
American Experience Center	593	593	593		
 Subtotal, Museums and Research Institutes	267,185	282,317	276,945	+9,760	-5,372
Mission enabling:					
Program support and outreach:					
Outreach	9,121	19,238	9,150	+29	-10,088
Communications	2,556	2,593	2,567	+11	- 26
Institution-wide programs	7,778	11,305	10,505	+2,727	-800
Office of Exhibits Central	2,950	3,002	2,974	+24	- 28
Museum Support Center,	1,836	1,866	1,848	+12	- 18

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Museum Conservation Institute	3.222	3.275	3.244	+22	-31
Smithsonian Institution Archives	2,149	2,187	2,167	+18	-20
Smithsonian Institution Libraries	10,337	10,493	10,399	+62	- 94
Subtotal, Program support and outreach	39,949	53,959	42,854	+2,905	-11,105
Office of Chief Information Officer	47,856	50,464	48,929	+1,073	-1,535
Administration	34,185	34,637	34,067	-118	-570
Inspector General	3,392	3,441	3,416	+24	-25
Facilities services:					
Facilities maintenance	69,032	75,180	71,380	+2,348	-3,800
Facilities operations, security and support	185,401	200,802	197,752	+12,351	-3,050
Subtotal, Facilities services	254,433	275,982	269,132	+14,699	-6,850
 Subtotal, Mission enabling	379,815	418,483	398,398	+18,583	-20,085
Total, Salaries and expenses	647,000	700,800	675,343	+28,343	-25,457
Facilities Capital					
Revitalization	89,220	103,490	97,588	+8,368	-5,902

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request		Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Facilities planning and design	13,780 55,000	22,600 24,010	22,600 24,010	+8,820 -30,990	
Total, Facilities Capital		150,100	144,198	-13,802	-5,902
TOTAL, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	805,000	850,9 0 0	819,541 =========	+14,541	- 31 , 359
NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART					
Salaries and Expenses					
Care and utilization of art collections Operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds Protection of buildings, grounds and contents General administration	39,083 33,028 22,305 23,584	39,753 34,688 22,532 24,027	39,418 33,858 22,418 23,806	+335 +830 +113 +222	- 335 - 830 - 114 - 221
Total, Salaries and Expenses	118,000	121,000	119,500	+1,500	-1,500
Repair, Restoration and Renovation of Buildings					
Base program		19,000 ==================================	19,000 ==================================	+4,000 ==================================	 -1.500
TUTAL, NATIONAL GALLERT OF ART		140,000	138,500	+5,500	-1,500 =========

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	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS					
Operations and maintenance Capital repair and restoration ==	22,193 12,205	22,000 10,800	22,000 10,800	-193 -1,405 	
TOTAL, JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS	34,398	32,800	32,800 ===========	-1,598 ====================================	
WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS					
Salaries and expenses	10,500	9,975	10,500	••••	+525
NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES					
National Endowment for the Arts					
Grants and Administration					
Grants; Direct grants Challenge America grants Our Town	56,681 7,987 4,992	57,630 7,600 4,750	62,380 7,600	+5,699 -387 -4,992	+4,750 -4,750
 Subtotal	69,660	69,980	69,980	+320	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
State partnerships:					
State and regional	36,816	36,716	36,716	-100	
Underserved set-aside	9,812	9,937	9,937	+125	
Subtotal	46,628	46,653	46,653	+25	
Subtotal, Grants	116,288	116,633	116,633	+345	
Program support	2,250	1.990	1.990	- 260	
Administration	27,483	27,398	27,398	-85	
Total, Arts	146,021	146,021	146,021		
National Endowment for the Humanities					
Grants and Administration					
Grants:					
Bridging cultures	3,494	3,500	3,500	+6	
Federal/State partnership	42,435	42,528	42,528	+93	
Preservation and access	15,426	15,460	15,460	+34	
Public programs	13,654	13,684	13,684	+30	
Research programs	14,752	14,784	14,784	+32	
Education programs	13,237	13,265	13,265	+28	
Program development	499	500	500	+1	
Digital humanities initiatives	4,388	4,400	4,400	+12	
Subtotal, Grants	107,885	108,121	108,121	+236	•••

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
Matching Grants:	0.004	0,400	0,400	. 40	
Treasury funds Challenge grants	2,381 8,357	2,400 8,500	2,400 8,500	+19 +143	
- Subtotal, Matching grants	10,738	10,900	10,900	+162	
Administration	27,398	27,000	27,000	-398	
- Total, Humanities=	146,021	146,021	146,021		
TOTAL, NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES	292,042	292,042	292,042		 ==#################################
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS					
Salaries and expenses	2,396	2,524	2,524	+128	
NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS					
Grants	2,000		2,000		+2,000
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION					
Salaries and expenses	6,531	6,204	6,204	-327	

	FY 2014 Enacted	FY 2015 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2014	Final Bill vs Request
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	8,084	7,948	7,948	-136	
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM					
Holocaust Memorial Museum	52,385	52,385	52,385		
DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses		2,000 19,300	1,000		-1,000 -19,300
Capital construction	***********	19,300			- 19, 300
Total, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION.		21,300	1,000		-20,300
TOTAL, TITLE III, RELATED AGENCIES Appropriations (Disaster Relief cap adjustment)	11,444,212 (11,444,212)		11,246,921 (11,246,921) 	- 197 , 291 (- 197 , 291) 	(-954,000)
TITLE IV - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Stewardship contracting (Sec. 431)	1,000			- 1 , 000	

	FY 2014	FY 2015	Final	Final Bill	Final Bill
	Enacted	Request	Bill	vs FY 2014	vs Request
GRAND TOTAL Appropriations Rescissions Rescissions of contract authority Disaster Relief cap adjustment	30,119,720 (30,155,220) (-7,500) (-28,000)	30,690,609 (29,532,520) (-6,351) (-30,000) (1,194,440)	30,105,720 (30,173,720) (-40,000) (-28,000)	-14,000 (+18,500) (-32,500) 	-584,889 (+641,200) (-33,649) (+2,000) (-1,194,440)
(By transfer)	(29,155)	(29,914)	(28,789)	(-366)	(-1,125)
(Transfer out)	(-29,155)	(-29,914)	(-28,789)	(+366)	(+1,125)
(Discretionary total)	(30,058,000)	(30,628,889)	(30,044,000)	(-14,000)	(-584,889)